THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. VII. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1875. NO. 15

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

POLITICAL NOTES.

—Hon. John M. Thompson is named for State Treasurer by the Butler *Eagle*.

—We do not take half the interest, now, in that Connecticut election, that we did a week ago.

—The Sioux Indians want a million dollars for their Black Hills reservation. It is a big sum, but we had better purchase than plunder.

—Our Government is considering the policy of making a demand of Mexico for indemnity on account of the raids into Texas by Mexicans.

—A convention of coffin makers is to meet in Philadelphia next June. It has probably been called in view of the low condition of Democracy.

—The taxpayers of Illinois talk of observing the 15th of this month as a day of general thanksgiving. It is the time set for the adjournment of the Democratic State Legislature.

—An observing genius has noticed that whenever Democrats have agreed to unite with other denominations and run a man irrespective of party the candidate is always a Democrat.

—Virginia accepts with thanks the bronze statue of Stonewall Jackson offered that State by Beresford Hope, member of the British Parliament. Somebody should make it a present of a statue of Sheridan.

—At the special election for councilman in the Fourth ward, Johnstown, on Saturday, the Republican candidate, J. C. McFeaters, was elected by 11 majority. The ward was carried by the Democrats at the February election.

—The Allentown *Daily News*, Independent, has come out as an avowed Democratic paper. This is the second step of that kind taken recently in the Lehigh valley, the Easton *Dispatch*, also published as an Independent paper, having a short time ago 'flopped over' into the lap of Democracy.

—The Democratic Governor of New Jersey has appointed a colored man to the office of notary public. The Newark *Advertiser*, noticing the fact, says: "Mr. Ray is well recommended and highly respected here and the Governor had no hesitation about appointing him. The world moves and in the right direction."

—Says a Western Democratic sheet: "If there is one thing under heaven that a Radical office-holder admires more than another, it is the grave of a Union soldier." And if there is one thing under heaven that a Bourbon editor admires more than another, it is the rebellious "cause" which has furrowed the country with loyal graves.

—Democratic rule in Texas is bearing its legitimate fruit. The San Antonia *Express* explains the situation as deplorable indeed, and predicts that even if $1,700,000 revenue is collected this year—a million more than was collected for the same period under the last Republican administration—there will be a deficit of $2,000,000, of which $873,000 is already apparent.

—It is really sad, as viewed by Democratic journals, that Fitz John Porter should not be allowed a new trial. General Pope, the commander whose orders he disobeyed, was a Republican, and those killed because of the disobedience were only common soldiers, who belonged to the Union army. The advantages of his disobedience accrued to the Southerners, and therefore, there is much sensitiveness felt for the poor fellow. He wants to be acquitted, that he may be made a Major General.

—It is stated that the Democrats of Vicksburg, Mississippi, have determined to oppose and resist the collection of the taxes levied by the Legislature for State and county purposes. The only reason assigned for this resolve is that the officials of that city, and the county in which it is situated, are Republicans. They have given bonds as required by law, and these bonds have been duly approved by the proper authorities, and any attempt to resist their lawful acts is nothing more nor less than open rebellion against recognized authority. If these recalcitrants have a grain of common sense left they will pay their taxes promptly, and thereby save themselves much trouble.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The *Watchman* was very much alarmed last week, because we did not give the result of the Connecticut Election to our readers. We went to press last Tuesday so early that we had no news from that quarter that was any way reliable, and we do not care to give to our readers the idle rumors that are floating about and around the *Watchman* Office, because they are so seldom true. The State has gone as it did lost year, with about the same Democratic majority. General Hawley is defeated for Congress by 390 majority. This is a loss to us, for he was one of the best men we had in Congress. It is thought that the fact that he voted against the force bill injured his chances of election. Henry H. Starkweather, who voted for it, was elected from the third district. The Democrats have gained two congressmen while the Republicans have made a gain of ten in the State Legislature. We append the vote of the past four years:

		Dem.	*Rep.*	*Temp.*	*Maj.*
1870	Governor	44,128	43,285		843 D
1871	"	47,273	47,473		100 R
1872	"	44,592	46,662	1,649	28 R
1872	President	45,854	50,368	200	4,318 R
1873	Governor	45,059	39,245	2,541	3,273 D
1874	"	46,755	39,973	4,940	6,782 D

By this it will be seen that the State has been very close for years, although in all the Spring elections there seems to be a reaction in favor of the Republicans and honest and good government. We had very little reason to expect to carry the State, however much we might hope to do so. There are local causes which operated against the Republicans.

Some years ago the Republicans had a good deal of difficulty to get any one to beat Governor English. They finally found the man in the person of Marshal Jewell, now Postmaster General, and then the Democrats could not beat Jewell. When he declined to again be a candidate in the Spring of 1873, a local fight sprung up between the Republicans of New Haven and those of Hartford. The Hartford party nominated their man for Governor, and the New Haven Republicans went to the polls and beat him. It was through this remarkable display of patriotism that the Democrats were enabled to elect Governor Ingersoll. It was this same Republican feud that returned Ferry to the United States Senate a few years ago over General Hawley, who had received the Republican caucus nomination.

In this way traitorous Republicans have played into the hands of the enemies of their country, for the purpose of venting a little spite, and in this way has the Republican party become demoralized and a State that should be carrying high the banner of the union is allowing it to trail in the dust, and clasping hands with the men and the party which but a short time ago sought to destroy the republic, and would to day, if they had the power, make us pay for the slaves redeemed, the cotton destroyed, and the expences they were at, in carrying on a four years war against the best government "e'er the sun shone on." Do voters stop to think of the billions of debt that would thus be placed upon us, which neither this generation nor the one that is to come after us, would ever see lifted to say nothing of the injustice of the claim? Do the farmers and mechanics (for they are the men who really have to pay all debts) desire a heavier burden of debt than they have already to bear? The Democracy would saddle upon the country these unjust claims had they the power. Are the voters going to allow them to do it?

THE SPELLING MANIA.

Spelling matches are now very fashionable in many of our cities and larger towns, and are sources of great amusement to old and young. Bellefonte, not to be behind the rest and always ready to be in the fashion, is to try a hand at it. The first to suggest a spelling match here that we know of was Col. Wilkinson, and as he always has an eye to business, it is to be the means of raising a little money for the Episcopal church; in this way a double good may be accomplished, *i.e.*, those who contribute will learn some thing while the money will go to the service of the Lord and his church. We believe matches of this kind can but be valuable beyond the mere amusement which they afford, and not only those who engage in them, but those who hear may be substantially benefited by them. Orthography is not taught in our public schools as thoroughly as it ought to be, and the fact that bad spelling is the rule and correct spelling the exception, abundantly proves this. There is occasionally one to whom correct spelling seems to come, as it were, by intuition; but we suspect that even in these cases, if the truth was known, it would be found to be rather the result of patient study and careful training. English orthography is arbitrary at best, and we do not wonder that foreigners in attempting to master our language, become disgusted with the different pronunciations which we give to syllables and words which are spelled alike. It is no wonder that they become discouraged when trying to learn the correct pronunciation of the words cough, tough, bough, though, &c.

There is no better test of good scholarship than good orthography, and it is therefore worth while to try and become proficient in this branch of education. We can always excuse bad chirography, provided the letters are all in and in their right places, because one's penmanship depends largely upon his mechanical skill, but the nicest written page will not look well if the words are mis-spelled.

One of the great hindrances to progress and proficiency in orthographical knowledge, is the difference between the various systems which are recognized as authorities. It has been suggested that these differences might be adjusted by an international commission or congress, composed of a dozen or more learned Americans and as many more Englishmen, and the idea seems a plausible one. These fashionable spelling tournaments are exciting a new interest in the subject of English orthography, and now seems a favorable time to have the variances between Worcester, Webster and Latham definitely settled. In most of the countries in continental Europe, the higher institutions of learning have reconciled the variations in orthography, but in England and America each successive lexicographer has adopted a system of spelling to meet his own views, and the result is the important variances which we find between the several dictionaries, each of which is recognized as authority. Sometimes their innovations have been inconsistent and seemingly made in mere caprice.

In the matter of pronunciation, Worcester's unabridged dictionary was doubtless better than any work which had preceded it. The latest edition of Webster is a material improvement on the preceding editions, and most of the far-fetched etymologies of the earlier editions have been corrected. But notwithstanding these approximations, there are still variations in the method of spelling certain classes of words which ought to be adjusted, and might be by an international commission, as has already been suggested. The recommendation of such a commission would generally be adopted by writers and scholars wherever the English language is spoken, and the remedy would be perfect. We are aware that such an adjustment would somewhat diminish the material which gives rise to spelling matches, but enough would still remain to keep up the interest as long as the fashion will be likely to last; and it would be no little satisfaction to have it decided by absolute unvarying authority, whether we shall spell it traveller or traveler, despatch or dispatch, honour or honor.

The study of orthography would be very much simplified, if all superfluous letters could be stricken out, but a change so radical cannot be expected. If we can have the disagreements between the different English and American lexicographers satisfactorily adjusted, we shall then not be distracted by opposing opinions, and the English language will be the same wherever written or spoken.

We think these spelling matches should be encouraged, for as an amusement they are unobjectionable, and unlike most public amusements, they will result in permanent and substantial good.

IS MEXICO RESPONSIBLE?

The Blame for the Border Troubles in a Measure Placed upon the State of Texas—Opinion by the Mexican Minister to Washington.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Don Ygnacio Mariscol, the Mexican minister at Washington, and now on a visit to this city, in a lengthy interview upon the subject of the recent Mexican outrages, says that he has not yet had anything official about the matter, but that doubtless the proper steps would soon be taken to have it thoroughly sifted to the bottom. There has always existed a good deal of disquiet, amounting to disturbances, along the river Bravo frontier. The Texans were known frequently to be in fault themselves, and if occasionally a Mexican citizen was found in the wrong his shortcomings were magnified a thousand times. The cattle robberies and frequent murders were often committed by a class of outlaws who really had no nationality. They lived on either side of the frontier line just as it suited their occasional interests. These people observed no law but that of the strongest and had no flag save the winning one. Without saying anything against the people of Texas in general, it must be conceded, that numerous disreputable characters from other parts of the Union sought refuge there from police pursuit in the extensive plains. These people came to know each other, and a combination among them against the best interests of society was the natural result to be looked for. By reference back to the criminal statistics of Texas, it would be found that a majority of convicts in Cameron and other border counties did not belong to the place at all, but were importations; not, indeed, from Mexico so much as out of different parts of the United States themselves. It was not contended that the Mexicans were altogether blameless. Unfortunately, on the Mexican side of the river, as elsewhere, there were lawbreakers. Besides this there have been, from one cause or another, frequent disturbances of the peace in Tamaulips, and a few more border States of Mexico. These warlike operations or revolutionary movements always—as the United States can testify—left a bad element composed, in many instances, of desperate men, who were ready for anything. People of this kind would disturb the peace of any country; and it had always been the care of Mexico to watch, hold in check, and punish them wherever found. On the crimes of highway robbery, housebreaking, and kidnapping the laws of Mexico were much more severe than in the United States. There they were punished by death, but here by imprisonment. A grave matter of international importance like that of the peace of the frontier dividing two great nations, must be carefully looked into and all the evidence taken before a government could compromise itself to any given course. If, after due investigation, it appears that the Mexican government is in any way responsible for the present border troubles, then as a matter of course, justice will be done. America can ask no more than this, and Mexico would concede no less. Thus far the governments of both countries are in accord generally, and there is no likelihood that any precipitate action will be taken on either side. The Mexican government have implicit confidence in the administration of Gen. Grant, in so far as his policy toward that Republic is concerned. Neither the President nor Mr. Fish would sanction any precipitate step that might involve a wrong toward a sister Commonwealth.

MICHIGAN.

The State Election Results Favorable to the Republicans.

The election in Michigan last week brought out a very light vote, and the returns promise to give the Republican candidates for Supreme Court judges a majority of about 15,000 against Governor Bagley's 6,000 plurality last Fall. The Republican gains are very decided over last Fall's vote. The Supreme Court judges elected to-day are Graves (Rep., and the present incumbent), without opposition, and Varston (Rep., of Bay City), to fill the vacancy caused by Christiancy's election to the Senate. The successful candidate for the Regency of the University is Gen. B. M. Cutchion, of Mainstee, and S. S. Walker, of St. Johns. Of the 21 Circle Judges elected 13 are Republicans.

THE Republican party has been in power in Illinois since 1861, with one brief exception in 1862, and the Democratic Legislature elected in 1874 flattered itself that it would be able, by investigations, to unearth a great deal of corruption during this fourteen years' rule. It has done its best, by investigating committees, to hunt out some evidence of wrong doing within that period; but in vain. No corruption has been found. The State has been faithfully and honestly governed; and the compliment paid by Governor ALLEN, of Ohio, to the Republican administrations which preceded him, that not a cent had been misapplied or misspent in that State during all the time the Republicans were in power, is just as applicable to Illinois. The Chicago *Tribune*, referring to the result of these investigations, says:

"Bourbon ingenuity can pick no flaw in the honesty of Republican rule in Illinois. Attempts to do so have utterly failed. It is a clean record, fourteen years long, which the Republican party submits to the people of Illinois."

THE London *Spectator* says that Englishmen, and espacially English Tories, regard favorably the Democrats of the of the United States because they are "the Tories of the Union." This explanation, the New York *Post* says, may at first sight appear paradoxical. The very name of a Democrat commits him against the political principles and systems which are sacred to the Tory. It seems a contradiction in terms to say that a man of the people, who, by tradition, education and circumstance has been taught to regard them as occupying a common level of rights and privileges, can have any sympathy with the upholders of caste and class and hereditary distinctions. Yet facts are stronger than presumptions. The *Spectator* is right. "The Tories of the Union" are they who call themselves "Democrats."

THERE seems to be no doubt as to the renomination of Governor Hartranft whose administration has been exceptionally satisfactory, as to command the approval of all fair-minded men, extorting words of commendation even from those who bitterly denounced him when a candidate. Our readers will recollect how the entire Democratic press, backed by the then "liberal" element represented in McClure, Forney and Curtin, denounced Hartranft as the corrupt tool of rings, utterly unfit for the Gubernatorial chair, and guilty of all manner of wrongs in public life. Well the people elected Hartranft. For two years he has been before the people in his high office, and partisan malignity has failed to discover aught on which to base even the semblance of wrong doing.—*Gettysburg Star and Sentinel.*

THE Democratic Legislature of Ohio which was elected under the captivating clamor of "reform," turns out about as usual, under false pretenses. It has proved not only the most useless but the most partisan and corrupt Legislature that has been elected by the people of Ohio. Even the Democratic partisan organs are so utterly disgusted with it they not only appeal to it to adjourn, but demand its dissolution for the public good. The Cincinnati *Enquirer* implores it to adjourn, because the longer it remains in session the more cause there will be for investigations. Other organs throughout the the State deprecate and denounce its impotency and corruption, and on all hands a Democratic wail arises, "You have ruined the canvas for 1875; the party cannot go before the people with your damnable record."—*Dayton Journal.*

FOR Governor, the Republican party will name John F. Hartranft. It will be no setting up, no ring manipulation, no cheap, newspaper puffing that will place the General at the head of our ticket, but the universal acclaim of the people. The people never had a better Governor, the people never were so fully persuaded of any man's honesty, patriotism and undefiled record as they are of his.—*Monongahela City Republican.*

—In Democratic Virginia a repudiation party is threatened for the next campaign, and another disgraceful proposition enunciated, is one that the General Government, having conquered the State, is bound for its debts.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

Result of the Triangular Personal Fight—No Election of a Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

The State Election, in Rhode Island occurred last Wednesday, April 7. The question of the repeal of the prohibitory law partially broke up political parties and renders the classification of Assemblymen impossible. There is no election of Governor or Lieutenant Governor, but the remainder of the Republican State ticket is elected by a very large majority, the largest ever given in the State.

There were three candidates for Governor, who received in the city of Providence the following vote:

Henry Lippitt, regular Republican, supported by the Liquor Dealer League for Governor, 7,084.

Rowland Hazard, independent Republican, supported by the Prohibitionists, 7,560.

Charles R. Cutler, Democratic, 4,345.

Only three out of thirteen Assemblymen were elected.

Returns from the entire State, except Block Island, give Hazard 8,685, Lippitt 8,286, and Cutler 5,138. The majority for the Republican candidates for Secretary of State, Attorney General, and Treasurer is between 11,000 and 12,000. The vote is the largest ever cast in the State, with one exception. Hazard has the plurality in the city and county of Providence and the counties of Newport and Washington. Cutler has the plurality in Kent and Bristol counties. There are twenty vacancies in the General Assembly, and the election of Governor depends upon the party successful in filling the vacancies. At the next trial the choice is by law, between Hazard and Lippitt, both Republicans. The friends of the latter claim a majority of the members so far elected.

——Judge Bucher, of Lewistown, was in town on Wednesday attending to some unfinished business connected with the term of court which he held in this county last Fall.

STATE ITEMS.

—Brownsville has no cooper shop and wants one badly.

—A Lancaster printer is the father of twenty-six children.

—Danville thieves steal mourning crape from the doors of houses.

—Dr. B. Rees Roberts, an eminent homeopathic physician of Harrisburg, died on Sunday evening, erysipelas.

—The woods in Lancaster county are full of blackbirds, some of the tall tops fairly bending under their weight.

—Governor Hartranft has sufficiently recovered to be able to ride out. He has been confined to the house since March 19.

—A young lady in Bedford county caught a live swan the other day, which measured seven feet four inches from tip to tip of wings.

—It is proposed that a library association in Warren discuss the question: "Does the Lord love a man who spends at a church festival the money he owes to his washerwoman?"

—Greenville National bank is the name adopted for the new organization formed to succeed the old banking house of Achro, Wick & Co., in Greenville, under the new national banking law.

—George Mellington, of Phœnixville, fell down an embankment at Green Tree, and ran a sharp stick into his back, which entered the region of his stomach. He is now laying in a dangerous condition.

—Col. James Page, one of the oldest members of the Philadelphia bar, died on Tuesday, in his eighty-first year. He had filled many offices of trust during his lifetime, and was Postmaster of Philadelphia under Jackson and Van Buren.

—A fox of large size, known as "Bigfoot," was recently taken in Fayette county after a lively and exciting chase of many miles. He measured three feet ten inches in length and nineteen inches in height. "Bigfoot" was well known for his skill in evading the hounds, and had been chased oftener than any other fox in the county.

—The Greenville *Argus* says: "P. S. Gibson, of Sandy Lake, was killed last Saturday morning while lowering the smoke stack on his saw mill, near that place. Mr. Gibson had ascended the stack to the height of twenty-seven feet, where was a pin, put through the pole to prevent the slipping of a chain. In consequence of the giving way of a guy rope the pole fell. Mr. G. managed to keep on the upper side; but the pole struck upon a log and rebounded with such force as to drive the point of the pin into his head, entering near the eye and passing upwards. He died within an hour afterwards.

—The Johnstown *Tribune* says: One week ago James Curren, of the Second Ward, disappeared from the residence of his sister, where he boarded, and since that time his whereabouts has not been discovered. There is no doubt now but that he made his way to the river, and was drowned. If a body should be found any place below this it can be easily identified if it should be his remains, as the scar on his throat where he drew a razor across, while laboring under *delirium tremens*, will easily be noticed. He was crazed at the time he left his home, between five and six o'clock on Tuesday, and if his remains are discovered it is to be hoped that the finder may communicate with his sister, who resides at this place.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

CLEOPATRA.

[The following remarkable poem by W. W. Story—the eminent sculptor—appeared many years ago in *Blackwood*. Aside from the magnificence of its diction, the idea of the poem is so bold and original that very few will feel themselves familiar with it even on a second reading. The idea of the Metempsychosis never had an ampler or more fitting illustration.]

Here, Charmian, take my bracelets
They bar with a purple stain
My arms; turn over my pillows—
They are hot where I have lain:
Open the lattice wider,
A gauze on my bosom throw,
And let me inhale the odors
That over the garden blow.

I dreamed I was with my Antony,
And in his arms I lay;
Ah, me! the vision has vanished—
Its music has died away;
The flame and the perfume have perished—
As this spiced aromatic pastille
That wound the blue smoke of its odor
Is now but an ashy hill.

Scatter upon me rose leaves,
They cool me after my sleep,
And with sandal odors fan me,
Till into my veins they creep;
Reach down the lute, and play me
A melancholy tune,
To rhyme with the dream that has vanished,
And the slumbering afternoon.

There, drowsing in golden sunlight,
Loiters the slow, smooth Nile,
Through slender papyri, that cover
The sleeping crocodile.
The lotus rolls on the water,
And opens its heart of gold,
And over its broad-leaf pavement
Never a ripple is rolled.
The twilight breeze is too lazy
Those feathery palms to wave,
And yon little cloud is as motionless,
As stone above a grave.

Ah me! this lifeless nature
Oppresses my heart and brain!
Oh! for a storm and thunder—
For lightning and wild fierce rain!
Fling down that lute—I hate it!
Take rather his buckler and sword,
And crash and clash them together
Till this sleeping world is stirred.

Hark! to my Indian beauty—
My cockatoo, creamy white,
With roses under his feathers—
That flash across the light.
Look! listen; as backward and forward
To his hoop of gold he clings,
How he trembles, with crest uplifted,
And shrieks as he madly swings!
Oh, cockatoo, shrick for Antony!
Cry "Come my love, come home!"
Shriek, "Antony! Antony! Antony!"
Till he hears you even in Rome.

There—leave me, and take from my chamber
That wretched little gazelle,
With its night black eyes so meaningless,
And its silly tinkling bell!
Take him—my nerves he vexes—
The thing without blood or brain—
Or, by the body of Isis,
I'll snap his thin neck in twain!

Leave me to gaze at the landscape
Mistily stretching away,
When the afternoon's opaline tremors
O'er the mountains quivering play;
Till the fiercer splendor of sunset
Pours from the west its fire,
And melted, as in a crucible,
Their earthly forms expire;
And the bald, blear skull of the desert
With glowing mountains is crowned,
That burning like molten jewels
Circle its temples round.

I will lie and dream of the past-time,
Æons of thought away,
And through the jungle of memory
Loosen my fancy to play;
When, a smooth and velvety tiger,
Ribbed with yellow and black,
Supple and cushioned-footed,
I wandered, where never the track
Of a human creature had rustled
The silence of the mighty woods,
And fierce in a tyrannous freedom,
I knew but the law of my moods.
The elephant, trumpeting, started
When he heard my footsteps near.
And the spotted giraffes fled wildly
In a yellow cloud of fear.
I sucked in the noontide of splendor,
Quivering along the glade,
Or yawning, panting and dreaming,
Basked in the Tamarisk shade,
Till I heard my wild mate roaring,
As the shadows of night came on.
To brood in the trees' thick branches,
And the shadow of sleep was gone;
Then I roused, and roared in answer,
And unsheathed from my cushioned feet
My curving claws, and stretched me,
And wandered my mate to greet,
We toyed in the amber moonlight,
Upon the warm flat sand,
And struck at each other our massive arms—
How powerful he was and grand!
His yellow eyes flashed fiercely
As he crouched and gazed at me,
And his quivering tail, like a serpent,
Twitched, curving nervously.
Then like a storm he seized me,
With a wild triumphant cry,
And we met, as two clouds in heaven
When the thunders before them fly.
We grappled and struggled together,
For his love like his rage was rude:
And his teeth in the swelling folds of my neck
At times, in our play, drew blood.

Often another suitor—
For I was flexile and fair—
Fought for me in the moonlight,
While I lay couching there,
Till his blood was drained by the desert;
And, ruffled with triumph and power,
He licked me and lay beside me
To breath him a vast half-hour.
Then down to the fountain we loitered,
Where the antelopes came to drink;
Like a bolt we sprang upon them,
Ere they had time to shrink.
We drank their blood and crushed them,
And tore them limb from limb,
And the hungriest lion doubted
Ere he disputed with him.

That was a life to live for!
Not this weak human life,
With its frivolous bloodless passions,
Its poor and petty strife!
Come to my arms, my hero!
The shadows of twilight grow,
Ah! the tiger's ancient fierceness
In my veins begins to flow.
Come not cringing to sue me!
Take me with the triumph and power,
As a warrior that storms a fortress!
I will not shrink or cower.
Come, as you came in the desert,
Ere we were women and men,
When the tiger passions were in us,
And love as you loved me then!

Our Story Teller.

OUR BABY.

BY T. ADOLPHUS SMITH.

To come at it then; we are married.

By we, I mean Iphigenia and I. I call her "Pheegie," for short, and as a pet name. But mother doesn't believe in pet names, and calls her plain Iphigenia.

Mother lives with us. I think it is quite an advantage. But, somehow, Pheegie don't seem to think so. I am the youngest of seven sons. When father died and I was married, my brothers said that as they were older than I, and had had more of dear mother's care, it would be only fair to me to have mother spend the rest of her life in my family. I thought that it was real affectionate and self-sacrificing on their part. But, somehow, Pheegie don't seem to think so.

Dear mother is very sensitive about being in the way. If she says it once a day she does a dozen times, that if we feel she is trespassing in the little room she occupies, we have only to say so, and she will find a humble cot in some retired spot and there pass her widowed days praying for the welfare of her children. I think this is very touching and sweet on her part. But somehow Pheegie don't think so. She says: "Suppose we take her up, some day—how much cot do you suppose she would retire to?"

I don't like the sentiment. How could I endorse it and have the assurance to look for the length of days promised in the fifth commandment.

But this is not my subject. What I want to ask you about is this.

We have got a baby. I mean Pheegie and I. Mother didn't have anything to do about it. And yet, if it had not been for dear mother, I don't know how we could have got along. Just as soon as the little thing was a month old mother took it to sleep with her. She declared that she never would let a wink of sleep come to her eyelids if she left that child for young and inexperienced parents to roll on and smother.

But when she took our little darling in this tender way to her grandmaternal bosom, dear mother said, in just so many words, that if her affection for the infant was misconstrued, or if we grudged her the playful caresses which the child might inadvertently bestow upon her, we had only to say as much, and she would find a humble cot in some retired spot and there pass her widowed days praying for her beloved children and grandchildren.

Pheegie said, "Oh, bother the humble cot!" But I don't think my dear wife understands mother. I thought there was something very touching in this display of grandmamma's devotion. But somehow, Pheegie don't seem to think so.

As I said, however, we have got a boy baby. He is also a very bright child, indeed. For that matter the worthy nurse told Pheegie that she did not know as she ever nursed a brighter one. Our own baby is six months old now, and is very healthy. Dear mother says that she don't exactly like the way in which it shakes its head every now and then. I think it is queer, too, for its head certainly does shake at times without the slightest occasion for it. But I sometimes feel quite serious about it. But Pheegie don't seem to feel so, and when I said I thought I ought to speak to the doctor about it, she said I might also tell him that the child's toes wiggled peculiarly. I didn't like her saying that, and I noticed that dear mother didn't laugh. I agree with her that God gave us these precious wards to take care of. Pheegie says that she supposes that God also makes the precious ward's head shake. There is something in that. But I wonder if Pheegie really loves the child? Mother often says that she hopes she does.

We keep a nurse. She is a young Irish girl. I confess I don't like her much, and I doubt whether she feels very deeply for the child. Often the little thing cries at night, but never yet has that girl come down to see what the matter was. If she would only do so once in a while at least, it would be showing a little interest in her charge.

Mother don't like the girl. She thinks she is a Jesuit, and believes that she would murder the baby quick if the priest told her to do it. I am inclined to think so, and kind of wish we had a Protestant. But somehow Pheegie don't seem to think so.

But what I want to ask you is this: what is the reason that doctors never think that babies are sick? They never do unless the poor little things are far gone with scarlet fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis, or some thing dreadfully fatal. Let the child be teething or have colic, or wind on its little stomach or anything of that kind, and doctors never seem to feel interested in the patient's case. They say that the little things will "outgrow it," or something of that sort. Now that is absurd.

I put it to you, Mr. Reader, as a man of feeling. Suppose you had a pain in your person and were really suffering a great deal, and a doctor should come and grin at you, chuck you under the chin, pinch your legs, and say that you "would come out all right," or "outgrow it" or something of that kind! Would you like that? Of course you would not. It would not be natural.

Now I don't know why it should, but our baby suffered a great deal from abdominal trouble. Mother thinks he inherits it; she says that all her children were that way. I think this is a very satisfactory explanation. Why should not a child inherit things of that kind, just the same as hair teeth, and things of that sort? It looks reasonable to mother and me. But somehow Pheegie don't seem to think so.

But upon my word, I have written so much that I have but little space left to tell you about a little matter in our own baby's tender experience, which illustrates how little doctors care for other people's children. Mother says she thinks they wouldn't. I have been after the doctor a good deal for our own baby, but he never seems to come with alacrity. Mother generally tells me when to go. She thinks that one cannot show too much care for a child—it is such a grave responsibility. I think so too. But somehow Pheegie don't always seem to think so. I wonder if she really does love our baby? I spoke to mother about it, the other night, and said she hoped so, for it was an awful thing to throw one's own child into the teeth of Providence; and I thought so too.

But now I certainly must tell you what happened the other night. Our own baby was sick, and mother wanted me to go for the doctor. Pheegie didn't think there was any use in going for him, but mother thought there was. However, mother very frankly owned up that the child was Iphigenia's. She said that her solicitude sprang entirely and only from love for the little one, but if that affection was irksome to us we had only to find her a humble cot in some retired spot, where she would pass her widowed days praying for her children and their child, and thanking God that its death did not lie at her door. Pheegie rolled over in bed and said, "Oh! good gracious!" But I went out for the doctor.

It was a good night to go. It was one of those freezy kind of nights when the rain becomes ice on the pavement. It was real hard work to go for the doctor. It was impossible to run. I tried to walk fast, but I slid and slipped, and slipped and slid. And then I would manage to catch hold of a fence, and my legs would slide from under me, and I would find my face in precisely the contrary direction from that in which I wanted to go. I tried the middle of the street, but it was very little better, and when I tried to got back to the pavement I thought I might as well give up going. But then, there was our baby perhaps at the point of death, and I hastened, slipped up, and hastened again.

It must have taken me a good half hour to reach the doctor's house, and it is only half a mile from mine. However, I got there and rung the bell. I rang several times. Finally somebody opened the window, and a masculine voice wanted to know who the mischief I was; and a feminine voice wanted to know if I was "Horace." I was amazed and bewildered. The tone of the masculine voice was not familiar to my ear, and I could hardly account for the feminine voice, as the doctor was a widower. But I nevertheless asked if the doctor was at home. At that the masculine voice suggested that I had better ring the doctor's door bell and find out. It certainly was very stupid of me to make the mistake, but I was somewhat confused after my difficult walk, and then I was nervous as I thought of our own baby at home.

However, I apologized and explained, but while I was doing it the parties at the window slammed it down. I did not feel called upon to make any further explanation, but sprang up the doctor's step and pulled his bell.

They seemed to be sleeping pretty soundly in that block, for I had to ring four times before I roused the doctor. He opened a second story window at last, and, after suggesting that if I was trying to jerk off his bell-pull I had better say so, he asked me who I was. The doctor is getting old and peculiar; and then I don't suppose it is pleasant to be called upon to answer a bell at two o'clock in the morning. But then, ain't he paid for it? However, I overlooked the reference to the bell-pull, and said that I was "me."

"'Me!' who the mischief's me?" said the doctor.

I supposed he knew my voice; but he alleged that he did not, and so I said that "me" was Smith.

"Smith! what Smith?" says the doctor.

Now that was absurd! I know that the name of Smith is reasonably common, but the doctor needn't try to make out that he has nobody but Smiths on his lists of patients.

However, I answered that I was "T. Adolphus Smith." And how like a fool I felt! Only think of having to holler out "T. Adolphus Smith!" at two o'clock in the morning. I felt certain that somebody was listening at every window in the block.

But the doctor, satisfied who I was, then said:

"Well, what do you want?"

From the way he said it, one might think that he had been patiently waiting up there, and giving me a chance to tell.

But I didn't answer curtly. On the contrary, I said: "the baby is sick!"

"What baby?" said he. Now, how absurd! As if I would go poking down there at that hour, and through rain and ice for any baby but our own baby. But I nevertheless replied, with perhaps a touch of vexation in my tone, that the baby under consideration was my own baby.

"What is the matter with it?" said he.

Now I began to wish that he would come down to the door. I didn't want to be hollering out what was the matter with our own baby, so that the whole neighborhood could be informed as to its ailments. And just then a policeman came along, stood in front of the house and looked at me as though he felt sure I contemplated burglary. People are so apt, you know, to stand at the front door and ring the bell, when their designs are burglarious.

As a matter of precautionary explanation, but, perhaps injudiciously, I said to the aforesaid policeman that I was "all right." And then he said, "What?" and then the doctor said "What?" And the policeman, who evidently didn't see the doctor, said, "How's that?" And then the doctor who evidently didn't see the policeman, said, "What the thunder are you talking about?" And then I said to the policeman that "I said I was all right." And then he wanted to know "who said I wasn't?"

It was getting dreadfully mixed up. But just then the doctor, who evidently saw the policeman, halloed, "Go about your business!" The policeman then saw the doctor, and moved on after first striking the lamp post a most unnecessary blow with his club.

But I thought the doctor had addressed his last remark to me, and being pretty well worked up by this time, I said, "Not at all, sir. I have told you that our own baby is sick and needs your professional attention!"

"Well," says he, "haven't I been trying to make you tell what was the matter with it?"

I saw I had made a mistake, and so I said:

"Oh, I thought you were speaking to me."

"Well, for Heaven's sake, ain't I speaking to you!" said or rather roared the doctor.

"The baby is sick," said I. "Its little stomach sticks out, and mother says she thinks she feels a lump inside."

"His what does what, and who feels which?" roared the doctor.

How stupid! "Its stomach sticks out," said I, and then I heard that confounded policeman laughing.

"Sticks out where?" says the doctor.

Now who would suppose that man was a doctor!

"Why, in front, to be sure!" says I, "and when I press it hard the little thing wakes up and cries."

"What the deuce do you press it for then?" says the doctor.

And then I heard that policeman laugh again. A matter of life or death seemed to amuse him.

But by this time I had lost all patience and so, with considerable vehemence, I said: "Doctor, our own baby is very ill! Will you be kind enough to come to the door?"

At that he slammed down the window.

I remained some minutes at the door and then I heard the doctor's heavy tread in the hall. By this time I had recovered my temper and was prepared to meet my own medical friend very pleasantly.

As soon, therefore, as he opened the door I said:

"Ah! how are you doctor?"

If he made any answer at all I did not catch it.

"As I was saying," says I, "about our own baby, its little stomach sticks out and mother thinks—"

While I had been saying this, the doctor, acting as though he was the only individual on the stoop, and apparently without seeing me, and even less hearing me, had slammed the front door and turned to go down the steps.

But unfortunately, he had shut his coat flap into the door, whereupon he turned around, glared fiercely at me, and said, "There then, you see!" and proceeded to find his night key.

I really could not see the force of his remark. I was not responsible certainly, for the trifling inconvenience to which he had been subjected.

The coat tail extricated, the doctor ran down the steps. In my confusion I had forgotten to tell him of the ice-covered pavement, and the next thing I saw was the doctor with legs spread wide apart sliding toward the gutter. He saved himself from falling by jumping into a snow bank.

Again he turned from me, and again rid himself of the ridiculous ejaculation, "There then, you see!"

How perfectly absurd! There was no sense in it. Suppose I did see. What then? How could I help it?

With my usual forgiving disposition, however, I ventured to offer the doctor my arm. But all he said was something about "a darned sight!" I did not apprehend the whole of the sentence.

We walked along each by himself, as best he could. At last I thought that, in as much as I had gotten the doctor out at that unseemly hour, it was only fair that I should make his difficult walk as pleasant as possible, and so I essayed to converse with him. Thinking that he might be willing to discuss topics of national interest, I said:

"What do you think of the Carpenter bill?"

"Whose carpenter's bill?"

"Why his, to be sure," said I.

"Very well, who is his? I didn't catch the name. I suppose I am not to blame for that, young man!" replied my certainly not over-good-natured friend.

"If" continued he, "you or anybody else owed a correctness, how the mischief can I form an opinion?"

I deemed it wise to drop issues of national interest, and ventured to try a new topic.

"What will this woman's movement amount to?" said I.

"Who is the woman? What is the matter with her?" said the doctor.

Now how very stupid! Could not any intelligent person know that I was alluding to the great temperance crusade!

At this point the doctor fell again, sprawling on the pavement. I picked him up and we tried the middle of the street, as somewhat safer.

After giving the doctor time to recover his temper I ventured once more upon conversation. I certainly wanted to break the silence which was very tedious and unpleasant.

"That Bismark is engaged in a great work," said I. "When man once puts church against state his infinite intelligence can never predict what the end will be."

"Who told you to come after me tonight?" said the doctor by way of reply. I could hardly see what our own baby had to do with the ecclesiastical commotion in Europe. I think that I judged correctly in thinking that the doctor did not care to converse farther on that subject.

"Dear mother sent me," said I, "and I am afraid she regards the case as a critical one."

"Humph!" said the doctor. "How long is that mother of yours going to live in your family?"

This nettled me, somewhat. I did not like that "that;" "that mother" evidently implied something more than was disclosed.

However, I said, "Of course, sir, my dear mother is welcome to a place by my fireside as long as she wishes it, but she will leave the moment she thinks we wish her to do so. She has often said that whenever we become tired of her, we have only to find her a humble cot in some retired spot—"

"Has that baby been sick during the day?" said the doctor, without giving me a chance to finish my sentence.

That baby! Still another offence, "that!" But I was patient, and replied:

"No, sir. Our own baby woke up with the peculiar sticking out of the stomach to which I have referred."

Fortunately, at this point we reached my door step.

"Here we are," said I, with a cheerfulness that was somewhat forced.—Those "thats" still burned in my memory, and then in a few moments, competent medical opinion was to decide whether our own baby was as seriously sick as I feared.

As luck would have it, I had forgotten my night key. I had, of course, to ring the bell. I did so, and then again, and then thrice, and even four times. I did not pull hard for fear of exciting or startling our own sick baby.

Suddenly the doctor caught hold of the bell pull and jerked it as though he was afraid somebody was going to run away with the other end of the wire.

Soon a window was opened and I heard dear mother's voice:

"Who is that?" says she.

"It's me," says I.

"Who is that?" says she.

"It is me, dear mother," says I.

"Is that you, T. Adolphus?" says she.

"Yes, dear mother," says I.

"Where is your night key?" says she.

"In my breeches pocket, dear mother," says I.

"Would you like to be let in?" says she.

"Why, of course! dear mother," says I.

"There are two of you," says she.

"Who is the other?" say she.

"Why, the doctor, dear mother," says I.

"Oh! I had forgotten," says she.

"Thank God, there is no present need for his service."

You cannot think how my heart thrilled with joy as dear mother made this announcement.

"Doctor!" said I, grasping his hand, "our dear baby is better."

All he did was to pull away his hand and make some reference to the infernal regions and future punishment. I really think he was disappointed at not finding our own dear baby in its last gasp.

Just then the door opened, and there stood Pheegie in her beautiful blue wrapper. She always looks sweetly in that wrapper.

I kissed her forehead and whispered "Our child?"

"Don't be a fool," said she. "It is too bad to have kept you on the step so long. And doctor, I am sorry, really sorry, that you should have been brought up here this dreadful night."

"But our child?" said I.

"It's sleeping sweetly," said she.

"And its little stomach?" said I.

"Nonsense! there has been nothing the matter with its stomach," says she.

"Ah, indeed, Iphigenia!" said dear mother from the top of the stairs, "perhaps my intense love for my child's own offspring may have exaggerated the actualities of its abdominal ailments. Perhaps I am a burden here. If so, Titus Adolphus, you have only to find me a humble cot in some retired spot, and there I will pass my days in—"

"Oh! good Heavens!" said Pheegie.

Before dear mother had finished her sentence the doctor had gone out and slammed the door with a tremendous noise. Immediately I heard him falling down the ice covered steps. I sprang to the door and asked if he was hurt. He picked himself up and walked off without reply.

The next day he sent in his bill.

That was curious, as I thought, for I had paid him in full only eight months before.

Pheegie says that he, of course, intends me to see that he does not want my patronage.

Dear mother very truly says that "the issues of life and death are not for man's will to determine."

I think that a very appropriate remark. But somehow Pheegie don't seem to think so.

But here I come back to my original proposition.

Why is it that doctors are so loath to believe that babies are sick?

Why is it that they show so little alacrity in flying to the infant cradleside?

THE SUBMISSIVE WIFE.

Figaro is responsible for the following:

Mrs. Jones says she hates the women who are always crying out for their rights. She is happy and contented to submit her will to her husband's as it is a wife's duty to do. She scorns the idea of not allowing a man to be master of his own house. She observes that "no one can accuse her of setting up her will in opposition to her husband." Jones acknowledges this; yet, somehow or other, he never seems to have his own way. He comforts himself that he might have if he wanted to; and he says, "there is nothing to prevent his doing so."

Very soon after he married, Jones, who is very fond of a cigar after dinner, and likes to smoke it while lying on the sofa, asked his wife if she minded it. Mrs. Jones, with a smile, said, "never mind me, dear; smoke your cigar." Jones said, "I do mind you, dear; tell me, will it annoy you?"

Mrs. Jones then confessed that the smell of a cigar had such an effect on her that she was always "laid up for days afterward." Jones doesn't smoke in the house. Mrs. Jones told Jones that he mustn't give up his club because he was married: she would not hear of such a thing; he must enjoy himself, and be as free as ever. Jones rather liked this. But when after a week or two of married life, he proposed visiting the club, he found to do so would endanger Mrs. Jones sanity, if not her life. She didn't mind his going, but she had never stayed alone in a house by herself. She couldn't call the servant in to sit with her; that would never do. But it didn't matter. Jones must go; only he must promise that he won't be frightened if he found her in a fit when he returned. She didn't know that she would have a fit, but she might have one. Jones gave up the club.

Now Jones, co-operatively with Mrs. Jones, is raising quite a large family; he has four children. The other day Jones remarked that he should be obliged to get a new business suit, as the clothes he wore were looking seedy. Mrs. Jones said, by all means Jones should have a new suit of clothes, and she begged he would not bother himself because she had no spring dress, and the carpet in the front room was not fit to be seen, and Harry and George both wanted new suits and new boots. They could go without these things; "papa must have his nice new clothes." Jones did not buy any new clothes; and he has a hole in his right boot, which he strives to conceal by inking his stocking when it shows through.

Jones used not to go to Church before he was married. He goes now twice every Sunday. Mrs. Jones said she could go alone well enough. She didn't mind what all her friends and relatives would say if her husband did not accompany her; that is, she did not care for herself, though she must confess that to hear her Albert spoken of as these people—"all good people in their way, but severe—" would speak of him, would make her feel as if she never could lift up her head again.

Mrs. Jones is always ready to give in her will to her husband's. He has only to say she is wrong and she will give in in a minute. She does not mind suffering. If he wants to have the window open, she does not say he shan't. She only reminds him what a cold she caught only two weeks ago through the window being opened; but, after all, it didn't last long, and didn't matter. Mrs. Jones is not the only submissive wife who manages, by submitting, to get her own way in everything. But still Jones is happy, and such a thing as a quarrel is a rarity in the Jones domicile. "Wives submit yourselves to your husbands." Take example by Mrs. Jones.

Two Men cut to Pieces.

Another of those sickening accidents which so frequently occur in the railroad company's yard in this city, happened last evening in the immediate vicinity of Seventeenth street bridge, resulting in the instantaneous death of two employes named John Ressler and John Murry. The former was an engineer employed on a freight train running between Altoona and East Conc-

maugh, and the latter, a son of William Murray, Esq., (a well known Eleventh avenue merchant, and one of our most prominent citizens,) employed as a fireman on one of the helping passenger engines running between Altoona and Gallitzin.

It seems that about eight o'clock last evening the two men left the western round house with the view to going to the office of Train Master John McCormic which is located at the head of the company's yard and when at a point between the Seventeenth street bridge and the office named they evidently failed to notice the approach of a section of a freight train which was being "dropped" down the yard and were run down and instantly killed. The bodies of both men were frightfully mutilated, and when discovered presented a ghastly and sickening spectacle, evidently having been run over by a number of cars and dragged a considerable distance. In fact, both men were literally cut in pieces. An arm was picked up here, a leg there, the heads mashed to a jelly and the brains, as well as the entrails scattered along the track. Many an old railroader paled at the sight.

As soon as possible the remains of the two unfortunate men were gathered together, a stretcher and a settee secured, and taken to their respective residences —Ressler's remains being conveyed to Sixth avenue Twentieth street, and Murray's to the corner of Seventeenth street and Margaret avenue. Ressler was aged about thirty-five years, and Murray twenty-three years, and both leave wives and several children each to mourn their terrible loss. The former has been in the employ of the company for the past six years and the latter for about three years.—*Altoona Tribune.*

SONG

IN THE MESSIAH'S CHURCH AT FAIRVIEW, SUNDAY NIGHT IN MEETING, 28th ULT.

I am a poor wayfaring stranger,
Journeying through this world of woe,
There is no sorrow, toil or danger
In that bright world to which I go.
I'm going there to see my Father,
I'm going there no more to roam,
I'm just agoing over Jordan,
I'm just agoing over home.

I know dark clouds will gather o'er me,
I know my path is dark and steep,
But beauteous fields lie just before me,
Where God's redeemed their vigils keep.
I'm going there to see my mother,
She said she'd meet me when I came,
I'm just agoing over Jordan,
I'm just agoing over home.

I want to sing salvation's story,
In concert with that blood washed band,
I want to wear a crown of glory,
When I get home to that bright land.
I'm going there to see my classmates,
Who've gone before me one by one,
I'm just agoing over Jordan,
I'm just agoing over home.

I feel my sins are all forgiven,
My hopes are fixed on things above,
I'm going away to that brigat heaven,
Where all is joy and peace and love.
I'm going there to see my children,
I know their round my Father's throne,
I'm just agoing over Jordan,
I'm just agoing over home.

I'll soon be done with every trial,
My body will sleep in the old church yard,
I drop the cross of self denial
And enter in that great reward.
I'm going there to see my Saviour,
And sing his praise in heaven above,
I'm just agoing over Jordan,
Where all is light and peace and love.

J. Y. L.

KEARNEY'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

Is the only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

And a positive cure for
GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Spermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, Sterility and all complaints incident to females.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and Diseases of the Prostate Gland.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

cures Diseases arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

Permanently cures all affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age. Ask for Kearney's, Take no other.

Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

DEPOT, 104 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for pamphlet free.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

31-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address,

Rev. E. A. WILSON,
10-6m 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. York

200

CARRIAGES AT AUCTION.

Fifty-seventh Semi-annual Philadelphia Trade Sale.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1875, at 10 o'clock, at

HERKNESS' BAZAAR, Philadelphia, Pa.

14-2t

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for circulars and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. Philadelphia, Pa. 11-4w

Fire-arms.

GREAT REDUCTION!

Good Revolvers - $4.50
Single Shot Guns $3 to $12.00
Double Guns $8 to $150.00

Powder, Shot, Cartridges,

BREECH-LOADING & MUZZLE-LOADING;

SHOT GUNS & RIFLES

at the lowest possible rates.

FIREARMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

SHOP ON HIGH STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

7-3-1y

Watches and Jewelry.

Unusual Inducements.

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE GOODS, IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

No 1124 CHESTNUT ST.
ROBBINS
CLARK & BIDDLE
PHILADELPHIA.

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of

Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches,

SILVER-WARE, PLATED-WARE,

CLOCKS, BRONZES AND FANCY GOODS,

From Paris, Vienna and Berlin.

TABLE CUTLERY.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention
6-7 m &3m fraug'75

Medical.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?

It is a compound extracted from bark, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good sweet sleep. It is a panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

The following unsolicited testimonial from Rev. O. T. Walker, formerly pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston, and at present settled in Providence, R. I., must be deemed reliable evidence. No one should fail to observe that this testimonial is the result of two years' experience with the use of VEGETINE in the family of Rev. Mr. Walker's family, who now pronounce it invaluable:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.
H. R STEVENS, Esq.:

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic. O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, the Pastor of the M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians; also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, as there is no doubt about the curative power of VEGETINE.

NATICK, MASS., Jan. 1st, 1873.
MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your VEGETINE a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age; for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and so far reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give but the slightest hope of his ever rallying; two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him, as he had not vigor enough to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him VEGETINE and from that time to the present he has been continuously improving. He has lately resumed studies, thrown away his crutches and cane, and walks about cheerfully and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where the limb was lanced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of VEGETINE, but lately uses but little, as he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. L. C. F. BEST.
E. S. BEST.

Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston Mass.

VEGETINE

is sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere
11-4w

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS.
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' Carbolic Tablets,
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by Druggists generally, and
JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO.,
11-4t Philadelphia, Pa.

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT

BETWEEN SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER

constantly on hand at this office and for sale at

5 cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND

all kinds of

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

which we sell in any quantity desired. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SECOND HAND

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINE.

VERY CHEAP.

Enquire at this office.

COLLECTOR'S SALE

BLANKS.

75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.

Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

LOOK! LOOK!

We have a limited stock of

BILL HEADS

which we will print and sell for

$3 PER THOUSAND,
$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.

Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.

REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

James C. Williams,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS

for medicinal purposes

SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

JAMES C. WILLIAMS.

TEAS! TEAS!

ESTABLISHED 1840.

The old established and responsible house of the undersigned, offer in opposition to the humbug of "Tea Companies" and distributors of "chromos," a large and attractive assortment of Choice Teas, at a small advance above cost of importation, warranting their goods to give satisfaction.

PRICE LIST.

Oolong, Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents - per pound.
Mixed, Green & Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents per pound.
Japan, Uncolored—60, 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
Imperial, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, $1.00, best $1.10 per pound.
Young Hyson, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00, best $1.05 per pound.
Gunpowder, Green—70, 80, 90 $1.00,, $1.10, choicest $1.15 per pound.
English Breakfast, Black—40, 50, 60, 80, 30, 90, best $1.00 per pound.

N. B.—We have the celebrated "King Chop," Young Hyson and Imperial Green at $1.20 per pound. Also the "Tong-Lee" Chop, the choicest Oolong Tea imported, at $1.00 per pound.

☞ If one of our Agents should not call upon you, send for a pound sample of any kind you require. Enclose the money, and we will forward it to you, per return mail, without any extra charge.

JOSEPH STINER & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN TEAS,

178 & 180 Chambers Street, and 285 Washington Street. P. O. Box 4237. NEW YORK.

v7n1-4m.

Medical.

CALDWELL'S
WINE AND IRON BITTERS

These celebrated Bitters are pure, safe and reliable; composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs with Citrate of Iron and pure native wine, made from the native grapes of California, the ingredients are choice, strengthening, purifying and life-giving medicinal agents, forming the most pleasant and healthy stimulating tonic and strengthening Bitters for improving the appetite giving tone and vital energy to the blood and system. For medicinal purposes, for family use, travelers, voyagers, etc., they cannot be surpassed.

These bitters are in an eminent degree strengthening, purifying, diuretic stimulating and nourishing to the whole system, giving new life and activity to every organ and part alike, without that ever recurring reaction that follows the use of most all other tonics and stimulants in the market. For

DYSPEPSIA,

AND ALL FORMS OF

INDIGESTION,
Sour Stomach,

RHEUMATISM,

SCROFULA,

AND ALL

Impurities of the Blood,

DROPSY,

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS,

KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

GENERAL PROSTRATION,

AND NERVOUS HEADACHE

THEY HAVE NO RIVAL

AS A MORNING APPETIZER

No other Bitters in the universe can equal them. I lack space for detailing the availability of these Bitters, but will briefly state its general effects upon the human system, as follows:

It absolutely Purifies the Blood. It speedily corrects all morbid changes in the Blood. It equalizes the circulation of the Blood. It regulates the supply and quality of the blood. It prepares the Blood to furnish a proper support to all the vital properties. It enriches the constituents of the Blood upon which the vital energy of the system is dependent. It infuses the proper degree of animal heat in the system. It purges from the system the morbid humors which retard its natural functions. It imparts vitality and elasticity to every organ of the body. It corrects all derangements, however trivial, which are the first origin of Disease. It promotes the operation of the digestive organs. It improves the appetite and removes all disagreeable feeling after eating. It perfects digestion, rendering it natural and easy. It acts as a mild and efficacious stomachic. It elevates the standard of all the vital forces. It strengthens the nervous fibres and diffuses a calm throughout the nervous system. It destroys all morbid conditions of the mind. It disperses dullness and languor. It banishes those clogs upon pleasure which produce gloom. It drives away those distressing symptoms which rob us of happiness. It revives the physical energies by infusing new life and power into the system. It fortifies the system against the dangers of malaria, fluctuations of the temperature changes in the climate, &c. In short, it prepares the system for the radical change to be wrought in its condition, and restores it to perfect health and natural vigor.

Caldwell's Cough Cure

FOR THE CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS,

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH,

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS,

DIPTHERIA, ASTHMA, and

THROAT & LUNG DISEASES GENERALLY

☞ If you purchase a bottle of your druggist use it all, and if you make up your mind that you have not received a benefit corresponding with the price paid, return the empty bottle and he will pay you back your money and charge it to me on his books. Thus neither he or yourself will lose in the operation, and I assure you that it contains nothing that can be injurious in any case.

You are not purchasing it of me, a stranger, but of your druggist—a gentleman whom you know and can trust. He will furnish you the medicine on the terms I have mentioned; an absolute guarantee—not that I will cure in every case, but that you will be satisfied in the use of the remedy.

CALDWELL'S
MAGNETIC CHLOROLOID
FOR
MAN AND BEAST.

For Internal and External use, the Magnetic Chloroloid is the most wonderful medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of

HEADACHE,

Rheumatism, Cholic, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Cramps, Griping, Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Concussion, Burns

Cholera Morbus,

Asiatic Cholera, Diarrhœa, Frosted Limbs, Dysentery, Eiptheria, Sore Throat,

SUNSTROKE,

CHILBLAINS, CORNS,

And Pains of all Kinds!

CALDWELL'S
LILY BALM
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE
COMPLEXION,
REMOVING
Freckles! Eruptions!
SUNBURN,
ROUGHNESS AND TAN!
If the face is disfigured with
Blotches, Pustules, Freckles,
TAN, SUNBURN, &c.

The Lily Balm will speedily remove the blemish and impart softness, transparancy, a roseate tinge and a pearl-like lustre to the complexion. It is utterly impossible to detect in the beauty it confers, the result of an artificial agent; the fresh and health-like tinge which it develops on the face, neck, hands and arms is unsurpassed by no other toilet article ever offered to the public.

FULL DIRECTIONS ON THE LABEL OF EACH BOTTLE.

W. C. CALDWELL,

Proprietor and Manufacturer,

6-90-. MEDINA, N. Y.

Dauchy & Co.,

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — DR. WALKER'S — CALIFORNIA — VINEGAR BITTERS — EUREKA

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,
PRAIRIE & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS.

Mammoth Clothing Store!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

Having in addition to his extensive Dry Goods Store, taken the room formerly occupied by Abram Sussman, fitted it up and filled it completely with THE LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING ever opened in Bellefonte, is now prepared to accommodate everybody, and to

Guarantee Bargains,

in the line of clothing — such as have never been offered in this section of the State. He has now in his store,

MEN'S SUITS—varying in price from	$6 to $40 00
BOY'S SUITS " " "	$4 to $18 00
OVER COATS—every grade	At cost
DRESS COATS—varying in price from	$6 to $15 00
PANTS " " "	$1 50 to $8 00
VESTS " " "	50 cts to $6 00

and every description of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

TWO ROOMS FULL OF GOODS.

Connected with his clothing store in the adjoining room he will continue the

Dress Goods Department,

in which every conceivable description of Dress and Dry Goods, from the

FINEST SILKS TO THE CHEAPEST CALICOS,

as well as

NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.

to-gether with a

FULL LINE OF CARPETS

of any grade, will be kept constantly on hand. His prices will be made to suit

THE TIMES

and he will guarantee the fullest satisfaction to every customer.

☞ Polite and accommodating clerks will take pleasure in showing you the goods.

vol7no7-1y Nos. 1 & 2, BUSH'S ARCADE

S. A. BREW & SON, GROCERIES, &c.

S. A. BREW & SON,

SUCCESSOR TO FRYBERGER & MORAN,

GROCERS

Next Door to the Post Office,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

WE will take all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for goods in our line.

WE have a nice lot of ELEGANT LAKE HERRING,—will sell them at cost to close out.

WE are making a specialty of the following goods from now, Sept. 1st, to Dec. 1st, 1874.

Breakfast Bacon,
Ham Meats,
Sugar Cured Shoulders,
Sugar Cured Ham,
Salt in Sacks and Barrels,
Floor Oil Cloth,
And Crockery Ware.

COME AND SEE OUR STORE.

4-1f **S. A. BREW & SON.**

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates,

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
1inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

A.l advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine,.....$4.00		$3.25
Scribner's Monthly,.....4.00		5.25
St. Nicholas,.....3.00		4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly,.....3.00		4.00
La Creme de la Creme,.....4.00		5.00
Locke's National Monthly.....1.00		2.80
American Farm Journal.....1.00		2.60
Peterson's Journal.....3.00		4.50
The Republic.....2.00		3.60
Penn Monthly.....3.00		3.75
Woods' Household Magazine.....1.00		2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly,.....4.00		5.25
Harper's Bazar,.....4.00		5.25
Forney's Press,.....2.00		3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade,.....2.00		3.50
Scientific American.....3.20		4.75
American Agriculturist.....1.60		3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times.....2.00		3.65.

☞We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14, 1875.

THE STATE TREASURER.

The Republican politicians, on whom depends the duty of making proper nominations for State officers, are in a quandary regarding their nominees for State Treasurer. Ex-Speaker Strang, of Tioga county, would doubtless be nominated, but his friends, holding him in reserve for the Governorship three years hence, will not permit his chances to be put in jeopardy by pigeon-holing him in the Treasury vaults. The party managers would gladly turn to Ketchum, of Luzerne, but his election would take him from Congress before the first session would be half over, and coming from a Democratic district, 2,000 strong, his withdrawal would be supplemented by the election of a Democrat. Besides, it is expected that Ketchum will prove himself one of the ablest men on the floor of Congress, and however strong the desire to honor Mr. Ketchum with the office, it is regarded by Ketchum's best friends as unwise at this time. The feeling generally prevalent, that the Beaver District has had a great deal more than its fair share of patronage, operates with so much positiveness as to warrant the belief that a nomination will scarcely be made from that section of the State.

The active party workers of this city claim that in consequence of the Western part of the State having had the Treasurer for eight consecutive years, the next term rightfully belongs to this city, and more especially so, as Philadelphia is expected to give a Republican majority of twenty thousand next November. In anticipation of the Convention in May next, conceding to Philadelphia the Financial officer of the Commonwealth, a number of our most influential people have recently been earnestly persuading our City Treasurer, Peter A. B. Widener, Esq., to consent to their bringing his name before the Convention.

Mr. Widener does not entertain this proposition with favor; the close attention he has given to the duties of his office in the collection and disbursement of more than twenty million dollars per annum, has told upon his health, and he insists upon a relaxation after his term shall have expired. That Mr. Widener would make a strong candidate I will not deny. Mr. Fulton, a prominent Democrat, and at the head of the Reform movement here says: that Mr. Widener has made the most careful Treasurer we have had since consolidation.

The most conclusive evidence of the estimation entertained for Mr. Widener by the public, is in the majorities recorded for him. When he first was elected, his majority was 9,981. After making a record for himself, on which any public man might be proud, he again went before the people, and a majority of more than 26,000 was the popular verdict of "well done thou faithful servant.

I sincerely regret that Mr. Widener will not consent to the wishes of his friends. By the way, talking of the State Treasuryship, let me call to mind that the security hereafter required from the Treasurer, is $500,000.

IN REVOLT.

No less than four Methodist Churches in this city, have revolted against the action of the Annual Conference, recently held at Norristown, in appointing pastors for their churches that were not asked for by them. One of these churches has closed its doors against the clergyman sent there, and all have formally protested against the action of the Conference. I regard this action as a very decided notice on the part of these congregations that they purpose reforming that feature of Methodism which changes the pastor every two or three years. There are a number of Methodist congregations in Philadelphia, that, if they cannot have assigned to them the clergyman of their choice will "step down and out" from the organization. Perhaps the first to formally take such a step will be the Grand Marble Methodist Church, at Broad and Arch, where seats fetched $1,000 a choice; Grace Church, at Broad and Master, in course of construction, will doubtless be the second, and several others will follow in rapid succession.

The revolt in the Protestant Episcopal Church goes steadily on; four church organizations have already taken place, and on Monday night next, the Fifth Reformed Episcopal Church, of this city, will be organized, with Rev. Charles H. Tucker, of Emanuel Episcopal Church, of Chicago, as pastor, and back of him is a fair congregation of earnest men and women, determined to separate the Episcopal Church of America as far as possible from the Roman Catholic form of worship.

I understand, that at the General Council, to be held in May next at Chicago, an effort will be made to change the name from the "Reformed" to the American Episcopal Church, and another effort will also be made to do away with the pastoral gown in the church service.

GRAIN TRAFFIC.

The Girard Point Elevator was finished in December last, and from then until April first, 2,000,000 bushels of grain were conveyed from it to ocean vessels. During the last ten days of March, 223,000 bushels of grain were loaded from it into seven large ships. Seventeen other such vessels are being loaded, each in its turn; these will load 618,000 bushels more. It is probable that now Philadelphia offers the inducements of full cargoes at remunerative rates this international commerce of our port will be loaded from this mammoth elevator, which will of course attract an enormously increased shipment of grain from the West to this city. This greatly increased tonnage will force other improvements in rapid succession in order to gain time. To my mind, the time is not far distant, when a great ship-canal will be cut across New Jersey, from the mouth of Timber Creek, in the Delaware River, to the mouth of Egg Harbor River, on the Atlantic Ocean, a short distance below Absecom Beach. The distance between tide-water, in the Egg Harbor and Timber Creek, is but a few miles, probably less than twenty, while the entire distance from this Mammoth Grain Elevator to the ocean, by such a canal, would not exceed sixty miles, thus saving not less than one hundred miles of river sailing, or about ten hours of time. Why such a canal has never been constructed passes my comprehension, especially so since Providence has already accomplished two thirds of the work.

HOW WE GROW.

During the month of March, 510 permits were issued from the Building Inspectors' Office. Of this number, 227 were for dwelling-houses; 120 were for additions to houses already built, and the balance were for stores, factories, &c. These 510 buildings represent a value of $1,500,000 and are but a prelude of what is to follow in the building line in this city during the season of 1875, which, in my judgment, will be larger than ever before.

A most brutal murder occurred here during the week. Lewis R. Love, 40 years of age, lived unlovingly with his wife, Leah Love, of whom he was jealous; coming home in the evening with her brother, they quarreled all the time, on their way home, and continued it after they had gone to bed. Mrs. Love left the bed and went into the next room, where her only son, a lad fourteen years old, was lying. Love followed, beating her dreadfully and at last, stabbed her through the heart; he then cut his own throat with a butcher-knife, stabbed himself in the head, but unfortunately his windpipe was too tough or the knife too dull, and his "wuzzin" wasn't cut. Mrs. Love died almost instantly, and Love was taken to the hospital, where he pegged out in about twenty hours afterwards.

Father Gerdeman, who succeeded in getting away with the money and musician of his church, was called for trial on the day designated; the Judge declined to hear it because he thought Gerdeman entitled to an impartial trial, and it therefore went over until the May term of Court.

Dr. Weevil, whose curiosity led him to examine the new carpet of Mrs. Hansom, a patient whom he was attending and who was shot by Mr. H. has so far recovered as to be able to bob around on crutches. A hearing before a justice has been had, and Hansom put under $3,000 bail for his appearance at Court. I cannot be made to think that Weevil lost his limb simply because of his admiration for that new carpet.

Jacob Overholt, a farmer residing in Bucks County, brought a load of hay into this city a few days ago, and in nearing a railroad crossing the locomotive whistle screeched, the horses plunged forward, and upset the load of hay in the gutter, with Overholt under it; when he was released one leg was found to be broken at the thigh and the other below the knee. J. W. F.

REV. THOMAS GUARD COMING.—We are gratified to be able to announce the fact that the Rev. Thomas Guard, who was to have lectured here sometime ago, but was prevented by the illness of his wife, will fulfill his appointment on Tuesday evening of Court week, April 27. All tickets sold for the former occasion will be good for this time, so the holders of them had better be looking them up. Remember Tuesday evening, the 27t instant, at the Court House.

LIST OF JURORS FOR APRIL TERM, 1875.—The following are the names of the Jurors drawn for the next term of Court, beginning on Monday, the 26th instant:

GRAND JURORS:

Bellefonte Borough—J. A. S. Mallory, J. C. Williams.
Howard Borough—Robert Cook, George Wister.
Milesburg Borough—James F. Weaver.
Philipsburg Borough—Chester Munson.
Benner twp—Philip Dale, Jared Roan.
Boggs twp—Renjamin Snyder.
Gregg twp—Thomas Decker, Henry Mark.
Harris twp—Cornelius Dale, Jacob Fearer.
Huston twp—John Craig.
Liberty twp—David Schenck.
Miles twp—John A. Miller, George Royer.
Penn twp—Aaron Ulrich, Chas. H. Held.
Snow Shoe twp—C. P. Stonerode.
Spring twp—Mathew Riddle, Wm. Straub, William Kaup.
Walker twp—John Laird.

TRAVERSE JURORS, 1ST WEEK:

Bellefonte Boro—John Meese, Jos. Fox.
Howard Boro—Alexander Knoll.
Milesburg Boro—William Adams, Jacob Ryman.
Philipsburg Boro—O. Perry Jones, L. A. Shearer.
Benner twp—Adam Y. Wagner, Robert Corl, Amos Koch.
Boggs twp—D. B. Malone, Sam'l Pletcher, J. H. Linn.
Ferguson twp—Jonathan Shuey, George Meek.
Gregg twp—John Krumrine.
Haines twp—Jacob Bower, jr., Thomas Harper, Adam Weaver.
Harris twp—Jacob Shuey, Samuel Garner.
Howard twp—Samuel B. Koons, Abram Holter, Michael Packer.
Huston twp—John Stiver, Miles Alexander.
Liberty twp—Ira Gunsalles, H. Thompson, Simon Lingle.
Miles twp—David Brumgard, Oliver Wolf, Henry Wolf, Andrew Ocker.
Patton twp—Charles Smith, W. F. Thompson.
Penn twp—Elias Krumrine, George W. Foote.
Potter twp—J. A. Grove, Wm. Ferer.
Rush twp—Abraham Frank, D. W. Holt, James Shoop.
Spring twp—Michael P. Weaver, William Stewart, Henry Miller.
Union twp—George S. Peters.
Walker twp—John Decker.
Worth twp—W. W. McKinney.

TRAVERSE JURORS, 2D WEEK:

Bellefonte Boro—James D. Gordon, Henry F. Bartley.
Philipsburg boro—Robert Hudson, John W. Mattern.
Unionville—George Alexander.
Benner—Daniel Grove, John Seibert, A. J. Tate.
Curtin—Jacob Noll.
Gregg—John Long.
Half Moon—A. T. Gray.
Haines—John S. Homan, Lewis Mauch, C. G. Bright, Daniel Smith.
Howard—Eman'l Pletcher, J. B. Leathers.
Huston—G. Q. Miles.
Liberty—J. A. Quigley.
Miles—Jeremiah Walker, Wm Walker, J. Ocker, Jonathan Walker, Wm. Kreamer.
Patton—Samuel T. Gray, Samuel Homan.
Potter—Levi Murray, James Sweetwood.
Penn—Jacob Dutweiler, John Keen.
Snow Shoe—Wm. McKinney.
Spring—John Sweeney, J. G. Larimer, J. Flora.
Taylor—Jacob Frantz.
Union—John C. Peters.

PROCLAMATION TO THE TURBULENT MINERS.—On Saturday the governor issued the following proclamation:

WHEREAS, It is represented to me that in the counties of Luzerne and Schuylkill certain ill-disposed persons have combined themselves together, in violation of law-abiding citizens and placing life and property in peril, by their tumultuous and disorderly conduct and, with force and arms, are intruding upon the rights of individuals and corporations, and preventing well-disposed persons from the pursuit of their lawful employment and avocations:

And whereas, It is made the duty of the executive to take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

Now, therefore, I, John F. Hartranft, governor and commander-in-chief, do command all such evil disposed persons in the aforesaid and other counties to disperse and desist from further unlawful combination and demonstrations, to return without delay to their homes, and all such persons are hereby notified that if they fail forthwith to comply with this command, the sheriffs of said counties shall call for whatever military aid may be necessary to preserve order, protect life and property, and enforce the laws of the commonwealth.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state at Harrisburg this third day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and of the commonwealth the ninety-ninth. By the governor.

M. S. QUAY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

FORTUNES OF PRESIDENTS.

Washington left an estate worth nearly $300,000.

The elder Adams left a moderate fortune at his death.

Jefferson died comparatively poor. If Congress had not purchased his library at $20,000 he would with difficulty have kept out of bankruptcy at the close of his life.

Madison saved his money and was comparatively rich. The fortune of his widow was increased by the purchase of his manuscript papers by Congress for $30,000.

James Monroe, the sixth president, died so poor that he was buried at the expense of his relatives, in the cemetery between Second and Third streets, near the Bowery of New York city.

John Quincy Adams left about $50,000, the result of industry, prudence, and a small inheritance. He was methodical and economical.

Andrew Jackson left a valuable estate, known as the Hermitage, about twelve miles from Nashville, Tennessee.

Martin Van Buren died rich. His estate was estimated at nearly $300,000.

James K. Polk left about $150,000.

John Tyler was a bankrupt when he became President. He husbanded his means while in office, married a rich wife, and died wealthy in worldly fortune.

Zachary Taylor left about $150,000

Millard Fillmore died a wealthy man.

Franklin Pierce saved about $75,000 during his term of service as President.

James Buchanan died a bachelor, and left an estate valued at $200,000 at least.

Abraham Lincoln left about $75,000, although poor when elected.

Andrew Johnson had saved about $30,000 at the close of his Presidential term as residue salary, deposited it with Jay Cooke & Co., and lost it.

President Grant is estimated to be worth upward of a million.

THE Republicans gain ten members in the Connecticut House of Representatives.

THE CRISIS IN THE STRIKES.

Bad counsels have prevailed among the disaffected coal miners, and they have refused to obey the laws of the Commonwealth. They have disregarded the civil authorities and have forced an appeal to arms. The result of their decision has been the only one they could have expected—the calling out of the military to enforce the peace. Whatever hope may have once been entertained of peaceful arbitration is now dispelled. The time for counsels has passed. The only duty for the military now under arms is to quell insurrection by dispersing conspirators against the laws. The force for that purpose is ample, and the orders are imperative. There can be but one issue to a trial of arms, and that disastrous to the violators of the law. Back of the few hundred men sent to the front there are thousands more ready to move at command. Back of them a public sentiment which will not tolerate further violations of the peace and order of the community. The causes which have brought about this crisis—the grievances of the miners, many of them doubtless well founded—cannot now be discussed. The laws of the State have been deliberately trampled upon, and every good citizen will sustain the Executive in maintaining them at whatever cost.

The action of Governor Hartranft has certainly not been premature. The only fault found with him has been that he has delayed so long in calling upon the riotors to disperse. His reluctance to resort to military force until the last hope of enforcing the laws by the civil authorities had proved vain, is highly creditable to his forbearance and conservatism. It should also be borne in mind that his authority now only gives him power to place the troops in the field at the call of the sheriffs, so that in no instance will the insurrectionary districts be subject to military invasion except where the civil officers acknowledge their inability to maintain peace.

We still have strong hopes that the miners will listen to wiser counsels, and avoid needless bloodshed by quietly dispersing. They have everything to gain and nothing to lose by such a course. The percipitation of a conflict can only hopelessly postpone a final adjustment of the real troubles that lie at the bottom of this unknown struggle.—*Phila. Press.*

SPELLING BEE will be a contest between different classes. One class to consist of the ladies and gentlemen of Bellefonte, one from the ladies and gentlemen of the Academy and one from the girls and boys of the Public Schools. There will be three fine prizes awarded to the best spellers. Persons who will participate in the spelling match will send their names to Mrs. W. V. Hughes or Miss D. Kenney, Bellefonte, Pa.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.—As the time for the election of County Superintendents draws near, all that relates to that matter becomes interesting. Hence the following in reference to it will be read with eagerness. The Altoona "Tribune" says: On the first Tuesday of May next the election of County Superintendents of Common Schools will be held in the different counties of the State, for a term of three years, being the first under the new Constitution. The following oath must be taken by all county, city and borough superintendents before they enter upon the discharge of their official duties, instead of that heretofore prescribed by the school law. When taken, a copy must be forwarded to the school department, and a copy filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the county in which the same is taken:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support, obey and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity; that I have not paid or contributed or promised to pay or contribute, either directly or indirectly any money or valuable thing, to procure my nomination or election, not expressly authorized by law; that I have not knowingly violated any election law of this Commonwealth, or procured it to be done by others in my behalf; that I will not knowingly receive, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to my office, other than the compensation allowed by law."

[Signed] A———B———.

Sworn (or affirmed) and subscribed before me, ————, judge of the court of common pleas of said county (or superintendent of public instruction, as the case may be), the———day of————, 187—.

The School Department officially gives notice that commissions to superintendents are not issued for thirty days after the day of election. This time is allowed in order that all who deem a superintendent elected by a convention of directors unqualified for the office, may have full opportunity to file their objections. In this connection, the Lancaster "Express" calls the attention of the directors to the following provision in the law. Incompetent officers have been commissioned because directors were not fully advised as to the manner of presenting to the school department objections to its being done:

"But if objections to issuing such commissions be made within thirty days, and such objections be signed, among others, by a majority of the members of not less than one-fifth of all the school boards in the county from which such objections are received and certified to, under oath or affirmation, by at least three of the signers, the Superintendent of Common Schools may require such evidence, under oath or affirmation, in regard to the legality of the elected county superintendent, as he shall deem necessary, and then shall issue the commission to the person properly qualified, who received the greatest number of votes; and the Superintendent of Common Schools, when engaged in the investigation of objections filed against the issuing of commissions to county superintendents, shall have power to issue subpœnas and to administer oaths; and any person refusing or neglecting to attend and give evidence at such investigation, when legally subpœnaed, shall be liable to the same fines and penalties as if he had refused to appear and give evidence in a court of record, and the costs to be paid by the parties subpœnaing the witnesses."

It will thus be seen that a majority of one-fifth of the boards of directors in any county have power to keep an incompetent man out of the office of superintendent, and it is hoped they will fearlessly exert their power whenever the circumstances demand it. Especially should this be the case whenever facts exist affecting the moral character of the person elected. The necessary papers can be be drawn up and signed, if desirable, on the day of the election.

To this it should be added, however, that objections, to have weight in the hearing, must not arise from improper motives or considerations of any kind, but have strict reference, in the language of the law, "to the legality of the election and the qualifications of the person elected County Superintendent," and those making charges must be prepared to present them in a regular way and prove them.

WELL SAID.—A sensible exchange says: It matters not how many newspapers a man takes, his list is incomplete without his home paper. If that paper is not just such as he would wish, he should feel that himself and neighbors are responsible, in a measure for its shortcomings. Give a paper a liberal support, an active sympathy, and it will instantly respond to such manifestations. Let an editor feel that his efforts are appreciated, and he is the most responsible being on earth; his paper being a part of himself, he is as sensitive to praise or censure as a doting father.

Nothing can supply the place of a home paper. It is the mirror in which the town and neighborhood news is reflected; in the social, religious and political circle it fills a place no other paper can. When a need of economy compels you to curtail your newspaper list, strike off every other one before you say to the publisher of your home journal "Stop my paper."

THE Rhode Island Prohibitionists are happy. They did not elect their candidate Governor, but they kept the Republicans and Democrats from electing theirs. There was no popular choice for Governor at the election, and the choice devolves upon the Legislature, whose complexion is uncertain.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE REPUBLIC MAGAZINE.—The April number of *The Republic* opens with an able review of the labors and achievements of Hon. Z. Chandler during his eighteen years service as United States Senator. As a historical review it unfolds many important and hitherto unwritten events in the history of the war and the struggle for the perpetuity of the Union. This is followed by an interesting paper, the "Errors of Modern Civilization," in which the evil results of standing armies and national debts are forcibly exhibited. In the next paper, the question "Is the Elective System a Failure!" the elective and appointive systems are discussed, and unanswerable arguments in favor of the former over the latter are presented for consideration. An article on the "Second Bull Run and Fitz John Porter" presents facts in the conduct of that officer which under any other government would have resulted in his immediate arrest, trial, and execution. Following this are ably written articles on "Robert R. Livingston and his Times;" "The Late Elections—Their Results and the Future," as shown by the Press and the public sentiment; "Advance in Postal Rates on Third Class Matter;" "Development of the Dominion of Canada;" a thorough review of the work of "The United States Senate—Extra Session;" the iniquities of "The New York Canal Ring;" "Art Education for Young Mechanics;" "Plan for a Government Paper Currency for Great Britain;" "Trades Union and the Rights of Boys;" together with an usual monthly report of "Executive and Department Doings."

The Republic is a neatly printed monthly, on fine paper, at $1 a year. Address "Republic Pulishing Company, Washington, D. C." Single copies 25 cents.

—*Sutton's Leisure-Hour Miscellany*, of which we have before taken occasion to speak with approbation has now reached the eleventh and twelfth numbers, of the forty forming the series; and we feel that we are performing nothing more than a duty in again calling attention to the excellence of a publication embodying as much of novelty as of merit. To find so much thoroughly excellent matter, so unexceptionably printed, and so handsomely illustrated, at the very low price of 25 cents per number—is something for which the body of readers have cause to be grateful; and judging from what we understand of the rapid increase of circulation, we have no doubt that they are so. *The Miscellany*, as we may before have remarked, does not pretend to be entirely original in its contents and make-up, but to blend the very best of original matter, in every number, with the cream of foreign periodicals, adapted to American needs and tastes whenever any revision is necessary; and beyond a question, in many regards, a publication thus allowed to have the skimming and picking of two continents, holds an advantage over those periodicals of which the principal boast is that what they publish has never before been in type. Not, as already said, that the *Miscellany* yields to any other in the quality of its original matter, as it certainly does not in pictures, typography or material. For the past five numbers, now, we have noticed the running of an original story in it, called, "Safe-Unsafe; or, The Man From California," written especially for it by a well known American writer, which strikes us as being full of droll character sketching, as well as incident with merriment, and quite equal to any other novel now in course of publication. That those who pick up the adventures of Fred Gwiler, the mischievous, and the equally mischievous Penny Worrell, will not be likely to do otherwise than follow them to the end, we are safe in assuming. Plenty of other and shorter stories, interesting facts, miscellanies, household recipes, and good reading generally, join with the fine pictures of these numbers in making up a mass of most enjoyable and equally valuable reading, which should be even more widely circulated than it has yet found time to become in its publication. Sold only by subscription, at 25 cents a number—complete in 40 numbers. The Aldine Company, Publishers, 58 Maiden Lane, New York.

—We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Horace Waters & Sons, headed "A GREAT OFFER." For a description of Pianos see the following: "Messrs. Horace Waters & Sons have made improvements in pianos which were considered pretty nearly perfect before. By the use of a new scale and treble, and by making their pianos square-grand, they have secured the best tone, the best shape, and the lowest price at the same time. They warrant all their instruments for *six years*, and give most liberal facilities to those who wish to pay in installments.—*Examiner and Chronicle, New York.*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centennial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
59 6m 42 Cedar St., New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S STANDARD REMEDIES.

The standard remedies for all disease of the lungs are SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, and, if taken before the lungs are destroyed, a speedy cure is effected.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philapelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs; nature throws it off by an easy expectoration; for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cold will throw it off, the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To enable the Pulmonic Syrup to do this, Schenck's Mandrake Pills and Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is a gentle stimulent and alterative; the alkali of which it is composed, mixes with the food and prevents sourling. It assists the digestion by toning up the stomach to a healthy condition, so that the food and the Pulmonic Syrup will make good blood; then the lungs heal, and the patient will surely get well if care is taken to prevent fresh cold.

All who wish to consult Dr. Schenck, either personally or by letter, can do so at his principal office, corner of SIXTH and ARCH STS., Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's medicines are sold by all druggests throughout the country. 10-8t

THERE are probably a hundred or more persons in this and neighboring towns, who daily suffer from the distressing effects of kidney troubles, who do not know that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is almost a certain cure. In severe cases, great relief may be obtained, if not a perfect cure.

We notice that the Agricultual papers all over the country recommend the use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.—*Exchange.*

FARMERS and others in the section have long known and appreciated the advantage of these Powders over all others.

—Persons who wish to wear their boots straight should read Lyon's advertisement in another column.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, April 14, 1875.

The snow made a very sudden exit for the season, and, as a consequence Spring creek was swollen to its utmost capacity. The car shop dam withstood the effects thereof, to the discomfort of those who rejoice at other people's losses, on the ground "that misery must have company." The roads still make travel cumbersome off the pikes; but occasionally, we notice the streets well filled with vehicles, and a pleasant smile upon the faces of some of our merchants, which we are led to interpret, that the profits of business now exceed the expenses.

The flour trade is still limited to a very small amount of territory. All along the Philadelphia and Erie railroad west of Lock Haven as far as Ridgeway, which used to make a market for Bellefonte mills, is now being supplied from Erie.

There has been very little wheat changed hands for several days. This may be owing to a small advance in price at the seaboard as well as at the West, which has been fully reported in these columns. The advance at the East does not seem sufficient to warrant an advance here; but the situation is quite encouraging, for those farmers who have not sold their wheat, and we would just say here, that if the farmers of Centre county would consult their own interests, they would subscribe for the REPUBLICAN, and read our reports.

The market for chop is improving and the demand for corn will likely be good for the balance of the season, unless holders get their ideas above the market.

The demand for potatoes from our neighboring towns is not so encouraging as it was last spring. The importation from New York State has greatly interfered with prices here. We are reliably informed that there have been sixty thousand bushels shipped over the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, during the past eight weeks, consigned principally to Pittsburg on "through rates" of freight.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ears	60
Corn, shelled	65
Oats	55
Clover seed, choice	5.75
Flour, retail per barrel	6.00
Flour, wholesale	5.50
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$25 00
Hay Mixed per ton	20 00
STRAW FOR GLASS WORKS.	
Oat straw for packing per ton	10 00
Wheat straw, short per ton	8 00
STRAW AT PAPER MILL.	
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	11 00
Short straw per ton	8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	10
Apples per bus	75
Peaches, dried, per lb	15
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	30
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	19
Cheese per lb	22
Hams per lb	18
Bacon	13 & 14
Sides	—
Lard per lb	15
Eggs per doz	20
Tallow, per pound	7
Rags	—
Potatoes per bushel	75
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6c
Pork by the hog	8c
Cod Fish per lb., Boneless	12½c
Cod Fish, whole	8c
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20c
Oranges per doz	35c
Grapes, per lb	40c

FINANCE AND TRADE.

GOLD 1.15

The premium on gold has not varied much for the past month. Call loans command firm 5@6 per cent and prime mercantile paper is readily discounted in New York at 5@7 cents.

The iron trade is now paralyzed, owing to the miners' strikes in the coal regions and the puddlers' strikes in various places. These strikes are of foriegn importation, and it is very hard to conclude whether they were brought about by Frank Gowan backed by English capital and supported by Asa Packer and New York Democrats, for whether it is really the fault of the workman. There is one thing certain, that the men who interfere with those who want to work, should be taught a lesson and

every man who desires to work, should have that privilege at the cost of the lives those who interefere with him. What is our government worth, if it is incapable of protecting any of its citizens, in the pursuit of their lawful calling? Our government has put down one rebellion and and it is high time that the State of Pennsylvania should follow the example by taking the present rebellious spirit by the throat and stangling it without further delay. When men resort to violence, there is no time to discuss the question as to who is in the fault; but it is the unbounded duty of those in authority to see that the rights of the law abiding are protected at all hazards.

We learn that about two million feet of logs passed Williamsport before the boon could be hung, on account of the high water. All the logs that were cut in Centre, Clearfield and Cameron counties, will reach their destination in safety and the river is now in a fine stage for rafting, which will enable all our "up river" lumber men to market their timber in due time at fair prices. It it understood that the amount of timber made last winter, while hardly equal the demand, but we can tell more about it, when it all comes down.

CHICAGO.—Flour firm and prices advancing. Wheat, No. 1 Spring $1,08.

TOLEDO.—Wheat No. 1 White $1.13, Amber $1.19.

PITTSBURG.—The wheat market is firm under a short supply. Michigan white,$1.25a1,27. Ohio and Pennsylvania red $1.16a1.17. Corn,shelled, 78a79 cents. Oats 70.

——Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co. Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1875

	BID.	ASKED
U. S, 1881, c	19¼	20⅛
" 5-20, c. '62, M. and N	18⅝	18¾
" " " '64, " "	19¼	19⅜
" " " '65, " "	21⅛	22
" " " '65, J. and J	20⅞	21
" " " '67, " "	21⅛	21⅛
" " " '68, " "	21⅛	21⅞
" 10-40, coupon	16⅜	16⅝
" Pacific 6's cy	20⅜	20⅝
New 5's, Reg. 1881	16¼	16½
" " c. 1881	16⅜	16⅝
Gold	15¾	15⅞
Silver	107	109
Pennsylvania	55¼	55⅝
Reading	56⅜	56⅝
Philadelphia & Erie	23	23⅛
Lehigh Navigation	51	51⅜
" Valley, Ex. Div	62¾	63
United R. R. of N. J	130	130½
Oil Creek	10	10⅛
Northern Central	42	42⅜
Central Transportation	48⅜	48⅝
Nesquehoning	55	55½
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '89	103¾	104¼

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

ROTARY-HOOK LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES.

MORE THAN

1,000,000

OF THEIR

FAMILY MACHINES

IN USE.

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY'S TRIAL HAS DEMONSTRATED THEIR SUPERIORITY.

"WHEELER AND WILSON'S NEW NO. 6 MACHINE must eventually supersede all others now run with which it comes in competition. We recommend for it the highest reward which is in the power of the Institute to bestow."—From the unanimous Report of the five Judges of the American Institute, New York, 1874.

The Board of Managers unanimously approved the report, and recommended for this machine the Gold Medal of the Institute.

The Board of Direction unanimously approved this recommendation, and awarded the Gold Medal to Wheeler & Wilson,the only gold medal awarded for a Sewing Machine by the American Institute for many years.

The Austrian Official Report of the Vienna Exposition, pronounced it "the marvel of the Fvposition," and added, "this universal machine sews the heaviest leather harness and the finest gauze with a truly pearl stitch."

The Grand Medal of Progress was awarded for it.

What the Leading Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes say of

WHEELER & WILSON'S

NEW NO. 6

SEWING MACHINES.

We, manufacturers of boots and shoes, are using Wheeler and Wilson's New No. 6 Sewing Machine in all kinds of stitching on our work, and confidently believe that it will supersede all others in this branch of manufactures, for the following reason:

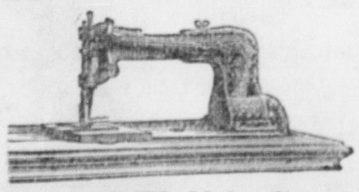
1. The work done by this machine is superior to that of any other in variety, amount, excellence and beauty.

2. This machine is more durable than any other of its class, requiring much less outlay for repairs and renewal of parts.

3. It does the cording or staying of button holes in a most elegant and substantial manner, without the expense of royalty.

[*Signed by many.*]

☞ It is fast superseding all other machines for leather work.



NEW NO. 7

MACHINE,

now for the first time introduced to the public, ranks in excellence with their famous No. 6 Machine, but has some modifications adapting it to special classes of work. The Tailor will find it as well suited to his work as No. 6 to leather work. It might properly be termed the Tailor's Machine.

Send for Circulars to

WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,

15-2t 44—14 St., New York.

PINE GROVE ACADEMY AND SEMINARY.

JACOB RHONE,

PRINCIPAL.

The spring session commences Monday,April 26. Complete course of studies taught. Terms low. Good boarding at very low rates. Location healthy. This school affords an excellent opportunity to secure a good education without spending a fortune. For terms address

JACOB RHONE, A. M.

Pine Grove Mills, Pa.

15-3m

A GREAT OFFER! HORACE WATERS & SON 481 Broadway, New York, will dispose of 100 PIANOS & ORGANS of first class 4 makes, including WATERS, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES for cash, DURING THIS MONTH, or part cash, and balance in small monthly payments.

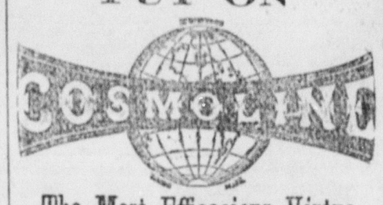
WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS, are the best made; The touch elastic, and a fine singing tone, powerful pure and even.

WATERS' CONCERTO ORGANS, cannot be excelled in tone or beauty: They defy competition. The CONCERTO STOP is a fine imitation of the HUMAN VOICE. AGENTS WANTED.

A liberal discount to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc. Special inducements to the trade. Illustrated Catalogues Mailed. 15-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUT ON



The Most Efficacious Virtue FROM PETROLEUM.

Because wounded nature rapidly restores itself when thoroughly protected from atmospheric action. Science acknowledges a perfect application in COSMOLINE. No rancidity or decomposition. Healing without the slightest irritation or smarting. Leaves no scars. Results are astounding!

Any inflamation, old and corrupt sores, eruptions and sloughing wounds yield to it. It is Nature's faithful ally in the struggle. For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Blisters, Chafing, Poisons, Bites, Piles, Itching Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Mumps, Sore Throat, Coughing, Frosted Limbs, Chapped Skin.

The Pomade of Cosmoline never becomes rancid nor loses its rich perfume. It cures all scalp diseases, keeps the hair soft, glossy and free from gum.

☞ Ask for PLAIN COSMOLINE, or for COSMOLINE POMADE: 50 cants a bottle, with the above trade mark and the name of E. F. HOUGHTON & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

7-14-1y

An April Fool

will not subscribe

for

THE RURAL HOME from April 4th to January, but

A Wise Man

will, since the subscription for that period—THIRTY-NINE WEEKS—will cost him only

ONE DOLLAR POST-PAID.

First-class, Eight-Page, Agricultural and Family Weekly—$2 a Year.

☞ Specimens Free. Address

THE RURAL HOME,

13-4t Rochester, N. Y.

Danchy & Co.

BLATCHLEY'S

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,

506 Commerce St., Philadelphia Pa.

Vol. 7 No. 9-9m.

PLASTER.

We are now prepared to deliver the

CELEBRATED CAYUGA PLASTER,

finely ground, in car loads of 24,000 pounds to 28,000 pounds, manifest weight to be paid for as follows:

Curtin Station	9,00	per 2,000 lbs.
Milesburg	9,00	per 2,000 lbs.
Bellefonte	9,00	" " "
Unionville	9,25	" " "
Julian	9,75	" " "
Martha	9,75	" " "
Port Matilda	10,00	" " "
Hannah	10,00	" " "
Bald Eagle	10,00	" " "
Tyrone	10,00	" " "
Snow Shoe	10,50	" " "

Retail, at our yard in Bellefonte

9,50 PER TON OF 2,000 POUNDS.

Farmers will advance their interests by laying in their stock at once, or by informing us as to how much they will want, as it is hard to get as the season progresses toward corn planting.

We continue to buy

CORN AND POTATOES

at the highest market prices.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

SHORTLIDGE & CO.,

Bellefonte, Pa.

14-3t

AGENTS WANTED for the best, cheapest and fastest selling Bible published. Send for extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 12-4w

GOITRE, OR THICK NECK positively cured. Contains no Iodine or Mercury and can be used with safety at all times. Will not irritate or stain the skin. Send for package. Price 50 cents. LICKS & CO., Louisville, Ohio. 15-4w

1,000 AGENTS Teachers, Students, men and woman, wanted to sell CENTENNIAL GAZETTEER OF THE U. S. Shows grand results of 100 YEARS PROGRESS. A whole LIBRARY. *Boston Globe.*—Not a luxury, but a necessity. *Inter-ocean.*—Best Selling Book Published. GOOD PAY. Want General agent in every city of 10,000. Address, J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 15-4w

NO. 10 of the "100 CROOKED SELECTIONS," is ready. Price 30 cts. The "Series" now contains ONE THOUSAND of the latest and best things for Declamations, Humorous Recitations, Family, etc. Capital for GRANGERS, TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES, and LYCEUMS. Also, "Excelsior Dialogues," and "Model Dialogues." Circulars free. Get it of your bookseller, or send price to P. Garrett & Co. 708 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. We make the celebrated PENN LETTER BOX for copying letters without press or water. Agents wanted. 15-4w

CROOKED BOOTS & SHOES. LYON'S PATENT METALIC STIFFENERS keep them straight, prevent running over, wearing off unevenly on the sides, or ripping on the seams; make a boot last half longer. Sold and applied by BOOT AND SHOE Dealers and Mf'crs. everywhere. Local and traveling AGENTS WANTED to introduce. Send 25 cents and height of heel for sample pair, to N. LYON, sole Mf'cr., 54 State Street, Albany, New York. 15-4w

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for Everybody, in every county in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the publisher to 648 pages, it contains over 2000 household recipes and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book, and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, Postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address, Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan. v7n1-13w.

Legal Notices.

GOOD CHANCE FOR A DAIRYMAN.—One of the prettiest located, most fertile well cultivated farms especially calculated for the dairy business, and situate but one mile North-east of the flourishing town of Milton, Pa., containing 70 or 91 acres, as may suit purchaser, adjoining the prospective Milton Fair Grounds, with beautiful, large and never-failing springs of excellent water, deemed abundant to supply the entire town of Milton at some future period, fine paying quarries, orchard, and fruit trees of many varieties, good fences, splendid building, and water at both house and barn, is offered at private sale, and on satisfactory terms to buyer. Reasons for selling are that owner is too aged to handle the property. For furher particulars address J. G. Kurtz, or the owner at Milton, Pa.

11-4t JACOBY HARTMAN.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE

A valuable farm containing 383 acres more or less in Worth twp., within two miles of the railroad station at Martha Furnace.

The farm is under good state of cultivation, over one hundred acres cleared the balance covered with a valuable growth of timber. It is also well watered. Will be sold together or in lots to suit purchaser.

Terms easy. Any person in quest of a good farm will do well to examine this before purchasing elsewhere.

9-tf MICHAEL BROWN.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—Notice is hereby given that Sec. 3 Act of Assembly, April 29, 1874, "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of certain Corporations," that an application will be made to the Court of Centre county for the incorporation of an Association or Organization to be known as the "National Executive Committee of the Junior Sons of '76" the object and aim of which is "to maintain man's national right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The said Association or Corporation to be perpetual and subject to the Act of Assembly above mentioned. 12-3t

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that Martin L. Leitzell of Potter township, has filed his application for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern at Potter's Mills. A. WILLIAMS,

Prothonotary.

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that Samuel H. Kunes of Liberty Township, has filed his application for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern in Eagleville, A. WILLIAMS,

13-3t Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES,

May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 3239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PRODUCE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESSS a Stamp denoting the payment of said Special Tax for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875.

The Taxes Embraced Within the Provisions of the Law Above Quoted are the Following, viz:

Rectifiers	$200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in access of $1,000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of still	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco,third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyence)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to John H. Burrows, Collector of Internal Revenue at Williamsport, Pa. and pay for and procure the Special Tax stamp or stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE. J. W. DOUGLASS,

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Office of Internal Revenue,

Washington, D. C., February 1, 1875.

The Collector or his Deputy will be at the Bush House in Bellefonte, April 29th, for the purpose of receiving taxes. 12-5t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bellefonte, on the 23rd of April, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following valuable Real Estate:

A two story frame dwelling house and lot on the south side of High street, opposite the county jail, being the north-west quarter of lot No. 68 in the borough of Bellefonte. The lot being 30 feet front and 72 feet 4 inches deep, late the property of James H. Hinton, deceased.

Terms, one-half on confirmation of sale and the residue within one year thereafter, with interest to be secured by Bond and Mortgage on the premises. JOHN L KURTZ,

Administrator of J. H. Hinton, dec'd.

13-3t

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE.

John Ramsdale, Philipsburg boro.—Tavern.
Catharine Smith, Snow Shoe twp.—Restaurant.
Jeffrey Hayes, Rush twp.—Tavern.
Solomon Schmidt, Philipsburg boro.—Wholesale.
Richard Hayes, Philipsburg boro,—Tavern.
Hiram Harris, Philipsburg.—Restaurant.
John Spangler, Potter twp.—Tavern.
John A. Odenkirk, Potter twp,—Inn.

14-3t. A. WILLIAMS,

Prothonotary.

AGENTS! SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS.

LIVINGSTONE'S Popular Edition

Price $2.50 **LAST JOURNAL!**

The story of the last seven eventful years of the Great Traveler's life as told by himself, and of his sufferings and death as told by his men The book they want. F. C. BLISS& CO., Publishers, Newark, New Jersey. 13-4t

A FORTUNE MADE IN IT.—Every family buys it. Sold by Agents. Address, G. S. WALKER, Erie Pa. 13-4t

$20 DAILY TO AGENTS. 85 new articles and the best Family Paper in America, with two $5.00 Chromos, free. AM. M'F'G CO., 300 Broadway, New York. 13-4t.

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES,

Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co Pa. 3-4t

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED.

At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

100,000 COPIES

before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without charge, or those in ill health who wish to regain it by open air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire lucrative employment in a most respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

"THE HISTORY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,"

a beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territory should be made at once.

Price in cloth, $4; French Morocco, $5; Half Turkey Morocco, $7; Full Turkey Morocco, $9.

Address DEWITT C. LENT & CO., 446 Broome Street, New York. 7-2-6m

Prospectus.

THE ILLUSTRATED

HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE,

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE.

It is the intention of the conductors of this Magazine to still further make it a model of literary and mechanical excellence, and, with this view, no advantage will be neglected which either talent or capital can command to render each issue an agreeable and instructive compendium of

POPULAR READING.

Its pages will be devoted to popular literature, science, art, education and social development. Its characteristic feature is comprehensiveness. The manuscripts now on hand, and others especially engaged, embrace an usually attractive list of

DESCRIPTIVE SKETCHES OF TRAVEL, SERIAL STORIES, TALES, POEMS, PAPERS ON SCIENCE AND ART, POPULAR ESSAYS, NARRATIVES, LITERARY CRITICISMS, FASHIONS, etc., together with a variety of able and interesting articles upon the important Questions of the Day. A large portion of the articles, especially those descriptive of travel, will be

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

The pictorial embellishments of the Magazine hereafter constituting one of its most attractive features.

The purpose of the Publishers is to furnish a periodical which shall be instructive in THE HOUSEHOLD, THE LIBRARY and THE READING ROOM, giving an abundance of entertaining and popular literature and information for both old and young, carrying light comfort and good nature into every family, and making it acceptible for the whole Household—father and mother, boys and girls, young men and young women.

THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSHOLD MAGAZINE

includes several DISTINCT DEPARTMEMTS, each under competent and efficient management, viz:

1. SKETCHES—consisting of Descriptions of Travel and Adventure, Serial Stories, Tales and Narratives, lavishly and appropriately illustrated.
2. MISCELLANY—made up of brilliant extracts from new books, highly entertaining sketches of notable persons and things from the best Foreign Publications, Poems and Papers on Science and Art.
3. EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT—in which is given brilliant essays upon a wide range of subjects; social topics discussed and current incidents and doings glanced at.
4. FASHION DEPARTMENT—containing a resume of the Paris, London and New York Fashions, illustrated with ingraving of the latest styles.
5. LETERARY NOTES—devoted to reviews and criticisms of new books and general information.
6. CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT—furnishes instruction and entertainment to the Boys and Girls, and those older people who have young hearts. It is embellished with high class illustrations of Natural History, Wonderful Scenery and rare incidents.
7. HOUSEKEEPER'S DEPARTMENT—comprising information and receipts, many of which are original and published for the first time all collected from the most authentic sources.

It will be the constant aim of the HOUSEHOLD PUFLISHING COMPANY to make THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE in the future, as WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE has been in the past,

THE BEST DOLLAR MONTHLY PUBLISHED,

sparing neither effort, trouble nor expense in securing the BEST WRITERS as contributors, and the BEST ARTISTS to produce illustrations to enrich its pages.

AGENTS WANTED.—We require a good, FAITHFUL AGENT in every town throughout the United States and Canada, who will earnestly engage in the business of procuring subscribers—not for a few days or a month only, but permanently—with a firm determination to canvass thoroughly and carefully the entire field selected, improving every opportunity to realize all that can be made from the introduction of the Magazine.

OUR PREMIUM AND CLUBBING LISTS offer great inducements for working in our behalf. Schools and Churches have here an unusual opportunity to procure Musical Instruments from the best manufacturers, with comparatively slight exertions. Artisans, Professional Men and Students may gratify their literary tastes by ordering from the Clubbing Lists. Children may earn and own many long and desired articles by obtaining the few subscribers required.

TERMS—YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION, $1.00.

Specimen Copies mailed, post-paid, to any address upon receipt of ten cents.

The postage within the United States is Ten Cents a year, which must be forwarded with the subscription, as the new Postal Law requiring the prepayment of postage on all magazines by publishers themselves, instead of subscribers, compels us to collect the postage in advance.

Send for Circulars containing rates of commission and inducements to canvassers, and the Premium and Clubbing Lists.

THE YOSEMITE VALLEY.

We continue to offer this celebrated Oil Chromo in connection with the ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, furnishing them to our subscribers upon the following very generous terms:

WITH MOUNTED CHROMO, $2.00. UNMOUNTED CHROMO, $1.50

☞ The Mounted Chromo is delivered at our office, or by canvassers, or boxed and sent by express at the subscriber's expense, or sent by mail upon receipt of Twenty Cents for extra postage. The Unmounted Chromo is sent free by mail.

All communications must be addressed

HOUSEHOLD PUBLISHING CO.,

41 Park Row, New York.

By special arrangement we are prepared to furnish THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, and REPUBLICAN, postage paid, for 1875, for $2.75.

MARYLAND FARMS AND HOMES, 10,000 ACRES. Near railroad. Location healthy. Address WM. S. RIDGELY, Attorney, Denton, Maryland. 13-4w

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING," How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirts, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's. Phila. Pa. 14-4t

NONPARIEL Skirt Supporter or Ladies Garment Suspender, attached to one or half dozen Skirts in a moment, constructed upon physiological principles having for its aim health and comfort. Pat. May 5, 1874. Samples by mail 50 cents. ELLIS M'F'G CO., Waltham, Mass. Agents Wanted. 11 4w

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	12,55	p. m	
" " " Harrisb'g	5,00	p. m	
" " " Williamsp't	9,15	p. m	
" "arr. at Lock Haven	10,20	p. m	
" " " Buffalo	9,00	p. m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11,55	p. m	
" " Harrisburg	4,25	a. m	
" " Williamsport	8,55	a. m	
" " Lock Haven	9,45	a. m	
" " Renovo	11,10	a. m	
" " arr. at Erie	8,05	p. m	
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia	8,00	a. m	
" " " Harrisburg	1,25	p. m	
" " " Williamsport	6,20	p. m	
" " arr. at Lock Haven	7,50	p. m	
LOCK HAVEN Accom. leaves Harris'g	9,15	a m	
" " " Wmsp't	2,05	p m	
" " " leaves Lock Haven	3,10	p m	

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven	6,40	a m	
" " " Williamsp't	7,55	a. m	
" " arr. at Harrisb'g	12,10	a. m	
" " " Philadelphia	4,15	p. m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	11,20	a. m	
" " " Renovo	8,25	p. m	
" " " Lock Haven,	9,45	p. m	
" " " Williamsp't,	10,50	p. m	
" " arr. at Harrisburg	2,30	a. m	
" " arr. at Phila	6,50	a. m	
FAST LINE leaves Emporium	8,55	p. m	
" " " Renover	10,40	p m	
" " " Lock Haven	11,55	p m	
" " " Williamsport	1,10	a m	
" " arr at Harrisburg	4,20	a m	
" " " Philadelphia	8,05	a m	
DAY EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven	11,25	a m	
" " " Williamsport	12,25	a m	
" " arr at Harrisburg	4,00	p m	
" " " Philadelphia	7,50	p m	

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Erie Mail and Elmira Mail make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,

Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone		8 30	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 45	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 58	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15	
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21	
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25	
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40	
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45	
Heward	15	10 38	4 00	
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09	
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15	
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25	
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38	
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41	
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50	
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54	
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04	
Julian	34	11 57	5 15	
Martha	38	12 08	5 26	
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35	
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44	
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58	
Vail	52	12 48	6 03	
East Tyrone	54	12 53	6 08	
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15	

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10 A.M.	2 15 P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40	5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10	2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10 P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intersection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju.	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown P.	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's P.	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 53	4 39
Honey Creek P.	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy P.	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive,	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 6 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 56 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

We are again awarded the highest premium, over all makers, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition, and are the only First-class Instruments that can be obtained at Manufacturer's cost prices.

$300

For an Elegant 7⅓ oct. Rosewood Piano. The following are a few of the Principal Medals received.

First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,)		1874
" Silver " (Grand Piano)		1858
" Prize " Crystal Palace World Fair N Y		53
" Gold " American Inst., N. Y		1848
" Prize "Maryland Inst., Baltimore		1848
" Silver " Franklin Inst., Phila.		1845

Pianos ordered by mail, are carefully selected, and remittance is not required until the instrument is received and approved. All our styles and classes, are built of the same excellent material and workmanship. Every instrument is fully guaranteed.

☞ Write or send for illustrated catalogue, and price list, giving full description of styles, prices, etc.

SCHOMACKER PIANO M'F'G CO.,

9-19t Warerooms 1103 Chestnut St., Phila.

FINE BOOTS & SHOES For Gentlemen and Boys, also Riding Leggins at JACOB ZAUN & SON, 905 Arch St., Phila. 15-12w

IRON FENCES. The New Iron Nailed to Iron. The Best Iron Fence in the World, for Lots, Cemeteries, &c. Send for Circular to WICKERSHAM & BRO., 1003 Ridge Ave. Phila. 15-12w

WATCHES & JEWELRY. At the old established Stand of MOORE & BRO. 1031 Market Street, Philadelphia. 15-12w.

Coal and Lime.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. ROBT VALENTINE

Shortlidge & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

COAL UNDER ROOF,

FROM THE

WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,

prepared expressly for family use.

BEST COAL IN THE MARKET:

Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

LIME!

WOOD or COAL BURNT,

challenges competition as to quality.

Agents for the sale of

DUPONT'S POWDER

RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

FUSE—BEST COTTON, HEMP AND TAPE FUSE for BLASTING,

FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,

all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!

Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.

v5n34-1y

STAIR BUILDER. JOHN YEAGER, 318-20-22 & 24 North 20th St., Phila. Hand Railing of every description, Baluster and Newell Posts made to order at lowest prices. 15-12w

Prospectus.

READ EVERY WORD.

TO MAKE ENOUGH MONEY

in the next three months to keep you a year, any unemployed person between the ages of 16 and 60 should take an agency for THE ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY, a large, sparkling, literary and family paper, (2,50 a year) pure, instructive, and amusing; half of its pages full of beautiful pictures, the other half containing the choicest reading matter. JAMES PARTON contributing editor. Like that great English paper, the *The London News*, it is highly moral, but entirely uncertain and non-political. During a year it furnishes over 1,100 pictures, and the equal of 9 large octavo volumes reading matter. IT GIVES AWAY, extra each week, a large engraving, (32 in a year), size, 17x24 inches. These are exquisite facsimiles of the finest steel engravings, on heavy tinted paper, with margins suitable for framing, and are truly a fine art galary every year. Besides, each subscriber is presented with the chromo "Gold Fish, Fruit and Flowers," size 2x2⅓ feet, in 27 oil colors, painted by Ramsey. Not only the largest and finest premium ever given, but the most wonderfully beautiful chromo ever produced. It is just the paper for which everybody has been waiting—larger and finer than any other, at half the usual cost. Its success (nearly 1000 subscribers a day being received) proves this. So complete, so progressive, so full of useful as well as entertaining matter is this paper, that we venture to assert that to every thinking, observant American, a years' subscription (costs $2.50) is, in actual, useful value, worth fifty dollars. AGENTS.—This combination is unequalled. It is instantaneous and pronounced success. Every good American takes at least one paper, of course. He takes this paper (1) it is the nicest, newest and best; (2) it is the cheapest—giving a great bargain—and thus suits the hard times. It sells itself. Be quick, if you want an agency. This time of the year any agent can make from $10 to $20 per day. Send three stamps for specimens and liberal terms, with reports from agents, subscribers, and press notices; or, better yet, to save time, send $2,50 for a complete outfit, and make $100 while you would otherwise be waiting. You are sure to take hold anyhow. Money refunded if not perfectly satisfied, or if the territory you want is already occupied. Address all or

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agricultural.

NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them up in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

The Law of Inheritance.

In recent years the practical matters of farm management and the business of farming have been invested with a new interest, through the studies and researches of scientific men; and no one subject has perhaps been so exhaustively and elaborately treated, or received the attention of so many able minds as the physiological principles involved in the re-production and improvement of domestic animals—or as it is often termed, the "philosophy of breeding." Numerous learned treatises have been written upon this intricate subject, and from the accumulations of isolated facts which have been augmented, and these facts and laws, another series of principles have been laid down to guide the farmer and breeder in the work or rearing and improving the domestic animals.

Among writers on animal physiology, the law of inheritance is regarded as one of the fundamental laws govering re-production, and one which exerts greater influence upon progeny, than perhaps any other known to physiologists. Yet this law, notwithstanding the profound studies which have been made concerning it by men who have a world wide reputation as scientists—is even now very imperfectly understood. Men have collected and grouped together an almost endless array of facts bearing upon it; and those who have read the chapters devoted to its several sub-divisions in Mr. Darwin's great work on "Animals and Plants under Domestication," know how interesting and forcible the arrangement of these facts can be made, when the task is in the hands of a master. Yet these facts which are wonderful, and which help to make up the immensity of the subject, and their grouping into certain orders—fail, nevertheless, to give us any guide or rule whereby the likeness between parent and offspring may be traced, or any dissimilaity accounted for. Indeed, Mr. Darwin himself, in referring to the general belief among breeders that the longer any character has been transmitted by a breed, the more firmly it will continue to be transmitted—says he does not wish to dispute this proposition, but doubt if it can proved. And if this single leading fact cannot be proved, after all the ability, and learning and speculation which have been brought to bear upon the subject—what becomes of the value of the laws which physiologists make for us and of the principles which they lay down for our guidance?

To get a very imperfect idea of the wonderful nature of the law of inheritance, and of the obscurity which surrounds its investigation, just conceive the fact of some trifling peculiarity being transmitted through the male and female sexual cells, which are so minute as to be invisible with unaided human vision, and after development and changes in the course of reproduction, appear long years afterwards, as at maturity or old age, which is repeatedly the case of certain hereditary diseases? Or what can be more past our human comprehension, than the fact that the minute ovule of a noted milking cow will produce a male, from whom a cell in union with an ovule will produce a female; and that this offspring when mature will have large mammary glands, yielding a great supply of milk, and even milk of a uniform and precise quality? And yet these facts, and the multiplicity of their forms and variations, are the thing physiologists have to deal with in investigating the hidden atoms which exert so powerful and lasting an influence upon re-production. Is it then any wonder that this subject (after all the laborious contributions that have been given to it by many scientific inquirers who have devoted a life time to its patient investigation) is, after all, so little understood, and so beset with uncertainty and questioning? And is it any wonder we shirk from touching upon it in a brief newspaper article, when volume upon volume have failed to exhaust it, or to produce a perfect guide to the breeder? For it is true that the whole subject of the breeding of our domestic animals (from which so important results have been obtained within the past twenty years) "depends upon the inheritance of each small detail of structure." But inheritance, says Mr. Darwin, "is not certain—for if it were the breeder's art would be reduced to a certainty;" and there would be little scope left for all the skill and perseverance shown by the men who have left an enduring monument of their triumphs in connection with these silent influences, as shown by the present condition of our various animals.

But while a close investigation of all the recorded facts bearing upon inheritance, might bring with it much uncertainty, many positive doubts and the general impression that, after all, we who have given it but little attention, know about as much of the workings of its laws as those who have spent more thought in its investigation—still there are positive evidences of its real and practical value to breeders. We all know that scurbs or inferior animals are so sure to perpetuate their kind that no sensible farmer would breed from them; and that the carefully recorded pedigrees of the different breeds of animals which have been bred with care for generations, possess high value as ensuring the excellence of their offspring. And while it was the rule twenty years ago to breed any and all males to any and all females—of the same class—and that progeny was found uniformly no whit better than the parents—it is now the rule to breed from the best of both sexes; and as a result look at the improved condition and higher value of our domestic animals over those of a generation ago! And if no other good had been derived from the application of the principles deduced by the investigations of scientific men, in this one particular branch of farming—it were enough to pay over and over again for all that has been expended by them in carrying out and making public the results of their labors. In this way, as in many others we might enumerate, have the life long labors of men of science, been turned to advantage and profit by practical men.

While the details of the law of inheritance are beset with many uncertainties, it is still true that the general law that like produces like, is correct upon general principles not impaired by individual differences; although it is often the case that there are real differences where there is no apparent difference. And farmers and breeders everywhere should bear in mind that while this law of inheritance is of so great importance and value in their efforts at improvenent, and yet is surrounded by so much obscurity—it is only by the aid of a full, and clear, and unmistakable pedigree, one which establishes the quality of the animal as well as its class, that the best success can be attained. It is this course which approaches nearest a system and guide in breeding, and it is this which carries with it the only guaranty of certainty of result.

The latest contribution to the literature of this subject is a brief treatise on "The Law of Inheritance," from the pen of Dr. Sturtevant, which has just been published. Being a good microscopic student, the author in this work begins with the cell formation, treats of its structure, and then takes up successively the sperm, the germ, generation, development and growth—the next applies the several laws of these sub-divisions to the leading subject. We designed to make a brief synopsis of Dr. Sturtevant's argument, but have been led away from it by the above presentation of some general thoughts upon the matter, and must defer it. We most heartily subscribe to one of his introductory statements however; that "it is as the art of breeding is united with science that the best results may be expected; and practice is dependent on science for its correctness and the enlargement of its usefulness." When our leading scientific workers write in such a spirit and for such an object, we may be sure the practice of our agriculture will be made better and more remunerative as it is guided by the deductions and lessons of scientific researches.

Green Manuring.

It is a time for farmers to procure their clover seed for sowing in the approaching Spring. To the men who raise their own clover seed, and some to sell, it is not necessary to give much advice in regard to the quality of kind of seed, but there are a great many farmers that cannot grow the clover seed they wish to use with any profit, and they must buy, and ask questions, which will be best answered by a public letter.

First, which kind of red clover, large or small, is best? The answer is, in climates that are warm enough and having summers long enough to raise two crops in one season, the small, or as sometimes called, the medium, is best. In places that are too cold, and the summers are too short for two crops, the large is best. Two crops of the medium are worth more than one crop of the large; but one crop of the large is worth more than one crop of the small for manuring the land. The large sends its roots deeper into the soil, and the roots as well as the tops are larger than those of the medium. For hay, some farmers like the large, as it is in condition to cut at the same time that timothy is in condition. But other farmers prefer the medium for hay, as the stalks are finer and therefore more perfectly eaten by farm stock, leaving less "orts." These men reason that though the timothy grass should always be grown with either kind of clover, whether intended for hay or pasture, may not be fully grown when medium clover is in full bloom and at its best estate for hay, yet it will make excellent food—much better than fully ripened timothy. To this opinion I subscribe, and being so situated that two crops of the medium clover can be fully matured in a season, we have abandoned the growing the seed of the large entirely. So have nearly all our neighbors who live along 43d parallel of latitude, and not more than ten or twelve hundred feet above the level of the sea. In seeding down land entirely for pasture, a mixture of the two kinds of seed is well. The medium will start soonest in spring, and spring up from the roots more rapidly, as the stock feeds the tops off. The large will come later, and thus help keep up a constant growth of fresh feed. Combining with both varieties of clover, timothy and orchard grass, pastures may be very soon made to bear a dense mass of food for stock, and if gypsum (plaster) is freely used in the spring, soon after the grasses start, not only will the growth be rapid, but as the red clover dies out after the third year, white clover and blue grass will have, somehow, taken possession of the land.—Where the seeds of the white clover and the finer grasses that are sure to get into our lands come from, who can tell?

Farmers who do not raise their own seed should use great care in selecting when they purchase. By lack of care many bad weeds have been introduced and much injury done. A dollar a bushel may be asked by the merchant that sells seeds for that which is entirely pure and clean, more than is asked for another sample that has a few seeds mixed among the clover that neither buyer or seller, perhaps, can call by their true name. Give the extra dollar and take no risk of the unknown enemy. If a novice will but wet a finger and thrust it into the mass of seed he will, on withdrawing it, find it covered, and if they are all clover seeds he will be justified in examining still further, and a little care will enable any person to determine if the seed is pure.

The time to sow red clover seed is about the time of the frost leaving the ground in spring. From the middle of March to the middle of April will generally be the best thirty days in which to sow clover seed on winter wheat. In case the wheat was sown by a drill, it will be easy for the sower to follow the drill marks, and thus saves flags being set up to guide him. Or if there should be a light covering of snow he can be guided by his own tracks. Care and skill are called for in sowing the seeds, and a time when there is but very little wind blowing will be improved by the experienced sower. The best "catch" and most successful seeding with us has been when the frost was out of the top of the ground but not out underneath. In such a condition the seed falls on earth that will be very mellow and generally quite moist, and this is to be moved more or less by the going out of the ground of the remaining frost. Seed so sown will fall into the crevices and become slightly covered and be very sure to grow. In this condition the sower often finds that mud will form on his boots and walking become somewhat laborious, but if he will go through with his task he will quite certainly be rewarded with a good crop.

In reply to the inquiry, "What crops are best to sow the seed on?" I answer, winter wheat, and add that every acre of winter wheat grown should have red clover sown on it, even if the land is to be plowed for a crop the next spring. The value of the roots and tops that will grow the year the seed is sown is much more than the cost of it..

Quantity of seed to the acre?" —Land that has not had the benefit of clover crops being grown on it in previous years, should have one-fourth (15 pounds) of a bushel sown on an acre. Land on which many crops of clover seed have been raised will generally have so much seed lying in the soil, ready to start when cultivation shall bring it near enough the top to grow, 12 pounds of seed will be sufficient.

The cost of seeding land with clover will not be far from $1.50 in years of ordinary prices. The resulting value will be very great, and perhaps will be discussed at some other time.

FAIRBANKS SCALES.

Awarded the highest and only premium for SCALES,

TWO SILVER MEDALS AT THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, 1874. Also at the PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867, over Thirty-four Competitors, and at the VIENNA EXPOSITION, 1873, and acknowledged the STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

FAIRBANKS & EWING, 517 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA. 4-13t

Foundries.

W. P. DUNCAN, BELLEFONTE PA. FOUNDER & MACHINIST MANUFACTURER OF Steam Engines, [HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS, CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, Mill Machinery. v5n46-1y.

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO., (Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,) MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR, FEED, &c., AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF GRAIN. The highest market price paid for WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c 6-39-1y

Miscellaneous.

A FORTUNE FOR $1 WYOMING MONTHLY LOTTERY. On authority of an act of the Legislature. Tickets $1 Each. Six for $5, 1 Chance in 9. Draws every 30 Days. Fifth Extraordinary Drawing. 51,015 Cash Prizes, $350.00. Capital Prize, $1000.00. Judge Haskell President of the Senate, presided over the last drawing. AGENTS WANTED. For full particulars send for circulars. Address the Managers. J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming. N. B.—Laramie City is on the Union Pacific Railroad, between Chicago and Ogden. 11-4t

REBUILT CHICAGO. Hand-book of the Resurrected City. 150 pp. 300 engravings of new Buildings, etc. Sent, prepaid, for 50 cts. J. M. WING & CO., Ashland Block, Chicago. 11-4t

FREE SAMPLE to Agents, LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Mass. 11-4w

AGENTS. Chang Chang sells at sight. Necessary as soap. Goods free. Chang Chang Mf'g Co., Boston. 11-4w

Banks and Bankers.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON, WM. THOMPSON, JR. JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO. BANKERS. LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA. v6n1-1y

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r. CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v6n1-1y.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r. FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Professional Cards.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'76-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-tf

E. BLANCHALD. E. M. BLANCHARD. E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank, v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS, C. T. ALEXANDER, C. M. BOWERS. ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

D. G. BUSH. E. H. YOCUM. BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v6n1-1y.

ROBERT GOHEEN AUCTIONEER, Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa

PETER MAYES, AUCTIONEER. Will cry all sales entrusted to his care with promptness. TERMS REASONABLE. Address Bellefonte, Pa., or call personally a building of Isaac Haupt, near the Railroad depot 6-14-tf

MILESBURG FOUNDRY. CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style. Thimble SKEINS of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail. Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c., made to order. [5-17-1y] M. M. FAXON.

Furniture.

NEW FURNITURE STORE! JOHN BRACHBILL, Manufacturer and dealer in FURNITURE. SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA., HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT NEW STORE And has now on hand the best assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY. A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will be found at low prices. v6n10

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic. All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertions of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2,000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many states at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. Get the book. 7-2-1y

Boots and Shoes.

POWERS' BOOT & SHOE STORE, Opposite Bush House, BELLEFONTE, PA. Powers' Boot & Shoe Store is the largest and best stocked establishment in Centre County. He keeps constantly on hand a full line of BOOTS AND SHOES. He is just opening the largest stock of Spring Goods ever brought to Bellefonte. EDWIN C. BURT'S Celebrated FINE SHOES for ladies, which are acknowledged to be the best in the world, kept constantly on hand. Boots and Shoes for men and women, of all styles, quality and prices, from the most costly to the cheapest, constantly kept on hand. WE DEFY COMPETITION! either in quality or prices. Call and examine his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and you will find it to your advantage. vol7no8-6m

LOUIS DOLL, BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER, HIGH St., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING, BELLEFONTE, PA. Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends. Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. 5-29-1y

Carriages.

S. A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF Buggies, Carriages, Wagons Sleighs, &c.. REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO! SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE PA. 5-4-1y

Book Bindery.

BOOK BINDERY. Chas. Knott, BINDER FOR BELLEFONTE PRESS COMPANY. OFFICE AT PLANING MILL DAM. Orders Addressed to CHAS. KNOTT, P.O. Box, 134, Bellefonte, P will receive prompt attention. Newspapers, Periodicals, Magazines, Pla Music and every other kind of publications, BOUND IN ANY STYLE. Constitutions, By-Laws and Pamphlet Work BOUND IN EVERY STYLE. All work warranted to be done in the best possible manner. Prices Moderate! v6n42-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment is a certain and positive cure for WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all EXTERNAL DISEASES of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle, DR. R. D. TIPPLE, 26 6m Bellefonte, Pa

ESTABLISHED 1853. F. P. GREEN DRUGGIST, BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE, ESTABLISHED 1853. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 6-13-tf

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on north side of Diamond. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE, Corner Front and Pine Street, PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA. ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r. The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA. The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house— THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA. He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed. JONATHAN KREMER, jy14'73-1y Prop'r

WEST STREET HOTEL. Nos. 41, 42, 43 and 44 West St., NEW YORK. A Temperance House, ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. ROOMS 50 and 75 cents per Day, CHARGES very MODERATE. The best meats and vegetables in the market. BEST BEDS in the City. 6-28-1y B. T. BABBITT, Proprietor.

MERCHANTS HOTEL, CUMMINGS & MAUGLE, FOURTH ST., A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere until you have learned what we offer. G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 7-2-1y

DAUCHY & CO.

SMITH'S INSTRUCTION BOOK OR, SECRETS OF DRESSMAKING.

Only 10 cents a year!! Postage Paid.

GIVES HINTS and RULES for CUTTING and FITTING and MAKING-UP LADIES', CHILDREN'S, and MISSES' CLOTHING, Household Notes, Fashions, Shopping, ILLUSTRATIONS OF PATTERNS.

OFFER! THIS DRESS ELEVATOR, and PATTERN, and the INSTRUCTION BOOK, for ONE YEAR, all POST-PAID, for 60 CENTS.

A. BURDETTE SMITH, 914 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK CITY.

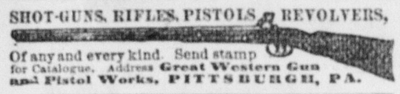
3521 Overskirt. Very Stylish. Price of Pattern with Cloth Model 25 Cents, which includes Smith's Instruction Book.

P. O. Box 5055.

Smith's "Instant Dress Elevator."

This CUT shows the Upper Part of the Skirt (wrong side out), with the "Elevator" fixed in. It keeps the skirt from the filth. It Loops the skirt in a Tasteful and Fashionable Manner. It draws all the fullness to the back, making the "straight front." It Saves more than Ten Times its Cost. It can be changed from One Dress to another. Price, 40 cents each.

SHOT-GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS & REVOLVERS,



Of any and every kind. Send stamp for Catalogue. Address Great Western Gun and Pistol Works, PITTSBURGH, PA.

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED if judged critically, UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded THREE HIGHEST MEDALS AND DIPLOMA OF HONOR AT VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, **in America as well as Europe.** Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be **unrivaled.** See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than **One Thousand** (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. *Dealers get* LARGER COMMISSIONS *for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.*

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. **New Solo and Combination Stops. Superb Etagere** and other **Cases of new designs.**

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

GETZE'S SCHOOL FOR THE PARLOR ORGAN

THE BEST WORK FOR REED, CABINET, OR PARLOR ORGANS is GETZE'S School for the Parlor Organ, *Sent by Mail. Price,* $2.50.

LEE & WALKER, Philada.

TIN WIRE RINGS. Will not make a Hog's Nose Sore.

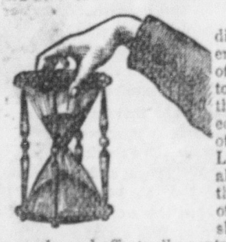
H. W. HILL & CO. Hardware Dealers sell them. Ringer, $1; Tin Rings (100), 90c; Coppered Rings, 60c; Tongs, $1.25; by mail, postpaid. Circulars free.

SOLE MANUF'RS DECATUR, Ill.

Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.



Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves nonumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attacks of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2

Postage free to the Subscriber. Specimen copies and advertising rates free. Weekly in clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address The Tribune, New York. 7-2-1y

MONEY easily made by selling TEAS at IMPORTERS' PRICES, or getting up clubs in town and country for the oldest Tea Company in America. Greatest inducements. Send for circulars. CANTON TEA CO., 148 Chambers St., New York. 13-4w

For Sale or To Let.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent

WATER POWER!

ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!

Situate on Logan's Branch just above Valentine's Forges, about one-half mile from Bellefonte. Also as much land as may be desired for the use of said Factory. For sale or rent. TERMS EASY. Inquire of

CHAS. McCAFFERTY, Owner,
or A. O. Furst, Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ Two other water powers adjoining, unimproved, with land sufficient for any manufacturing purpose. 6-8-tf.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A valuable farm containing 215 acres, situate within one mile of Milesburg, and three miles of Bellefonte, at the junction of the Bald Eagle Valley and Snow Shoe railroads, near the depot, Schools, Churches, Post office, Mills, etc. The lands are FREE from STONE, level, well fenced, and under a good state of cultivation. A valuable vein of

LIME STONE ROCK

is on the farm, and a village is growing up around it, which gives a fair prospect of an increase in value before long. The Philipsburg turnpike runs through it for a distance of ¼ of a mile rendering a large strip on each side available for house lots, from which the entire price of the farm might be realized, lots having sold heretofore for $100 apiece. The farm is well watered, having water in all the fields, good wells at the house and barn with pumps all in good order. There also are 50 acres of good

PINE AND OAK TIMBER.

The land has a southern exposure and is therefore very early. There are two houses on the farm, both facing the turnpike. One containing five rooms on the first floor with Hall and five on the second and back Kitchen, with room over-head. Connected with this house is a good log barn, ice house and other out buildings. On the other side of the road is the other house containing eight rooms with good barn and out buildings. This farm could be divided into two parts, and will be if purchasers so desire, making one containing 130 acres with the large house, and the other containing 36 acres with the small house. Terms easy. Inquire of James L. Sommerville, or R. T. Downing, or at the office of the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN. 38 tf.

ESSEX PIGS.

ESSEX PIGS

I now have a few GRADE PIGS to sell CHEAP. Several good

CHESTER AND GRADE SOWS.

In the future will keep only PURE BLOODS.

A few high grade ROASTERS, 50 to 100 lb. One or two PURE ESSEX; also, a new PRINDLE STEAMER. Have two, need only one. Order soon if you wish stock pigs.

A. S. TIPTON.
Curtin twp., Sept. 30, 1874. 22-tf

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA?

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alternative known."

Ask your druggist for it.

For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 10-4t

TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE!

144 pages, illustrated. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading by both sexes, married or single. About physiology of Reproduction of healthy and beautiful children. Marriage; whom to marry; proper age; marriage impediments; nervous debility; sexual inability; blood impurities, &c.; causes and consequences. Price 50 cents; sent securely sealed. Address

WM. WHITTIER, M. D.,
202 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ N. B.—Dr. Whittier specially treats private diseases and all affections mentioned in his work, with greatest success. Cures guaranteed. Consultation—personally or by letter—confidential and free. Call or write. 7-4-1y

The Christian at Work.

T. DE WITT TALMAGE, EDITOR.

A Choice of Two Beautiful Premiums

A PORTFOLIA of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½x10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 12x18 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including the postage. No Extras of any kind. WITHOUT PREMIUM, $3 PER ANNUM.

Liberal commissions and exclusive territory to Agents. Special club rates. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to

HORATIO C. KING, Publisher.
Box 5165, New York

Avoid Quacks & Imposters

NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE AND CONSULTATION.

Dr. J. B. Dyott, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables me to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage. Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10 cents.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon,
31-1y 104 Duane Street, New York.

MEDICAL.

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

THE GREAT INDIAN DIURETIC.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO BUCHU.

Nine tenths of the human family suffer, directly or indirectly, at one time or other, from diseases or irregularities of the generative system, while the victims of indiscretion, and of quack treatment, are comparatively numerous.

The idea that patients cannot treat themselves successfully in these cases, has long ago been exploded. A good and reliable medicine, prepared by an experienced physician, from the original Indian Recipe, that is guaranteed to effect a

SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE.

can be as safely relied upon as the prescription of the most skillful practitioner. Such a medicine is the celebrated

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

Full directions accompany each bottle, and it they are carefully followed, a quick and permanent cure is guarranteed. Price $2.00 per bottle.

THE CHEROKEE INJECTION,

should always be used in conjunction with the Remedy for both incipient and obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa. Price $2.00 per bottle.

CHEROKEE CURE

for seminal weakness (spermatorrhœa), is a simple vegetable medicine that was used for many years in the practice of the physician who first gave the remedy to the public. It has effected cures that would scarcely be credited except on ocular evidence of the fact. Full directions, with pamphlet containing all particulars of symptoms, treatment, &c., accompany each bottle. Price $2.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

CHEROKEE PILLS.

These Pill are prepared expressly for the cure of those irregularities to which ladies are subject, and will be found safe, reliable and effectual, for the cure of Suppression, Green Sickness, Pain in the Back, Hysteria, Sick Headache, &c., &c. Price $1.00 per box.

Heimstreet's Hair Restorative,

OR INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING.

NOT A DYE.—Heimstreet's "Hair Coloring is not a Dye, and its operation is not by any chemical effect, but by a natural restoration of the glands, thus giving the hair the color it originally had.

NATURALNESS.—When the hair is dyed, its color is leaden hued and unnatural, but when restored by HEIMSTREET'S HAIR COLORING, its appearance is so perfectly natural that no one can detect the use of any Restorative.

STAINLESS.—While the Restorative acts promptly on the hair, it leaves no stain or mark whatever on the skin. It is composed of ingredients that form a perfect dressing as well as a coloring, so that no oils, &c., are necessary.

THIS MOST EFFECTIVE of all the Hair Restorers is for sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Numerous certificates from those who have used it are in the possession of the proprietors.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., New York.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co., Wholesale Ag'ts, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

PARK'S BALSAM

OR

WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

BALSAM.—Nothing is more soothing to the irritated membranes than the pure BALSAMS of which this medicine is composed.

WILD CHERRY.—The true bark of Wild Cherry is an unfailing specific for all throat and pectorial diseases.

TAR.—The wonderful healing properties of Tar when united with the other ingredients, render PARK'S BALSAM the most efficient Cough Medicine ever offered to the public.

CONSUMPTION.—The many cases of Consumption that have been cured justify us in the assertion that it is the very best medicine for that disease ever discovered.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

STEPHEN FISK, of New York, says his daughter had consumption, and terbucles had formed in her lungs. He was induced to try Park's Balsam, which effected a speedy cure.

T. EDWARD FLEET, of Brooklyn says, I think it is the best medicine for affections of the lungs I ever used.

G. S. FANCHER, of New York says, I feel fully persuaded that Park's Balsam has saved my life.

We have in our possession hundreds of certificates from others, and all of the same cheering import. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Address all orders to JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., 8 and 9 College Place, New York.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors.

EGYPTIAN

Rat and Vermin Destroyer

FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, WATER BUGS, ROUCHES, RED ANTS, &c.

STRENGTH.—When a Rat tastes the Egyptian Destroyer, his death warrant is signed, sure. It cannot fail to kill. It also creates great thirst, and the rat will search for water out of doors, and not die in his hole, to cause a stench that cannot be got out.

ATTRACTIVENESS.—Rats are the shrewdest of vermin. It is hard to get them to eat poison. An ingredient in the Egyptian Destroyer is a perfect bait, and they are attracted rather than freightened be it. "Rats (not children) cry for it.

KEEPING SOFT.—People know how the ordinary Rat Pastes dry up and become useless, causing annoyance and loss. The Egyptian Destroyer is fully warranted to keep soft, fresh and effective in any climate for years.

SURE DEATH.—The Egyptian Destroyer kills every time. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials are now in the hands of the proprietors, substantiating its great merits as the best preparation for destroying Vermin in the world. Be sure and ask for the "Egyptian," and take no other.

Put up in large glass bottles. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., AGENTS, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

METROPOLITAN MEDICINE CO., Sole Proprietors.

6-30-1y

HOLLOWAY'S

Pills and Ointment

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE GRAND PRINCIPLE that operates in these wonderful medicines is the power that they possess in purifying the morbid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

Both the ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, Burns, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Fistula, Gout, Lumbago, Mercurial Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Ringworms, Salt Rheums, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Swelled Glands, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throats, Sores of all kinds, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Tetter, Ulcers, Venereal sores, Wounds of all kinds.

USE HOLLOWAY'S EXPECTORANT for the absolute cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest, and all affections of the Pulminary nature.

CAUTION.

Be careful and see that each bottle has the Holloway and Co. trade mark on it.

Price, 25cts., 62cts., and $1.00; great saving in buying large sizes.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., PROP'RS. 9 College Place, N. Y.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.

6-30-1y

THE VOICE OF MASONRY

AND FAMILY MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, IS NOW IN ITS 13th YEAR. It contains a full account of all matters pertaining to craft, supplied by its large corps of able contributors, both at home and abroad, and is one of the best mediums of Masonic information. PRICE $2 PER YEAR, in advance, with Masonic Chromo, $2.50. Send 25 cents for sample copy

Address VOICE OF MASONARY,
No 183 West Monroe St Chicago Ill., and No. 8 College Place or P.O. Box 1789, New York city

6-30-1y

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors, New York.

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.

6-tf

W. & L. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-33-tf

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISIN NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.

H. D. YERGER,
v6n15-1v Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

AMERICAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

ONLY

LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG,

Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA

For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.

CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE

Accommodations Unsurpassed,

Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.

PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
W. W. POTTER, PHILADELPHIA.
Penna. R. R. Office, Agent, Bellefonte. 32-1y

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. vol7-no8-tf

Coal, Lime, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.

OFFICE IN McCAFFERTY'S BUILDING, (opposite the depot)

J. R. & C. T. ALEXANDER.

Hardware.

P. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidently broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN.

[Almost the same price as coal oil.]

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,

guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven &c.

Cash or short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,

v5 No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE

CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,

Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,

Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,

Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK.

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

5-16-1y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-1y

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

DR. BELIS SPECIFIC REMEDIES have stood the test of thirty years, and are still unequaled for their great efficacy in curing all diseases of the Urino-Genetal system arising from youthful indiscretion or imprudent habits.

YOUTH, MANHOOD, AND OLD AGE are alike benefitted by them, and a cure may confidently be expected in all cases of Nervous Debility and Depression, Gravelly Deposits, Pains and Irritations, Seminal Weakness, Emissions, Discharges, and other Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, conditions arising from one and the same cause.

These remedies can be used without detection, as they never nauseate the stomach, or interfere with diet, or business pursuits.

Trial boxes, properly secured from observation, will be sent by mail, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR—pamphlet containing full particulars, sent on receipt of stamp. Address,

47-3m JOHN LAMB, P. O. Box 3385, N. York.

FREE SAMPLES to agents. Ladies' Combination Needle Book, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co. New Bedford, Mass. 44-4t

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 96, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

onstans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets e second Friday evening of each month. in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——There will be forty-three applications for license at the next term of court.

——The 4th of July falls on Sunday this year, but there'll be preaching on that day nevertheless.

——The Spring term of that excellent school, the Pine Grove Academy, will begin on the 26th of April.

——Business in Altoona is looking up. In the Pa. railroad shops the workmen are making sixty hours per week.

——Some wretch kicked in the windows of Charley Smith's restaurant last Wednesday night, demolishing them completely.

——The *Watchman* borders on the ragged edges because we had nothing last week to say in regard to the Connecticut elections. Well, we had reached McGarvey's point.

——They went into the spelling match business out in Indiana and all went well until a member of the legislature spelled county with a k; then the bees were discontinued.

——Judging from the number of applicants for license from Philipsburg, the venders of the article will have to patronize each other pretty liberally if they want to make any money out of the business.

——We believe it is generally understood that if the public will present the incumbent a situation worth twelve hundred dollars a year he will not be a candidate for a fourth term as County Superintendent.

——General Irvin Gregg, cavalry officer of the regular army, who has been visiting friends in this county for a month or two past, expects to return in a few weeks to his command at Santa Fe, New Mexico.

——The cars may be behind time, the town clock run wild, the sun may lose his reckoning and the stars forget to shine, still there's one thing certain, the State College stage will always be on hand at the proper time.

——We hear that neither of the two Milesburg hotels intends applying for license. Is it possible that such things can be! but we don't know what they would want with license down there where they are all temperance people.

——Charley Smith knows the scoundrel who kicked in the windows of his restaurant on last Wednesday night. Some colored men were blamed unjustly for it, but it was a white individual, who occupies a grade in the social scale 'way below the meanest colored scoundrel in existance.

——The "Union Work" of this place says that the 'Rocky Mountain Presbyterian' is authorized to offer a prize of one hundred dollars for the best home mission hymn, suitable for public worship or home mission meetings; also a prize of fifty dollars for the best home mission poem, of not less than 48 lines.

——Yesterday we read of a man being taken with a fainting fit whilst reading a county newspaper, which he had borrowed from his neighbor before said neighbor had a chance to read it himself, and falling from a chair and breaking several of his ribs. Reader, we hope you are not now exposing yourself to such danger.

——We are now well into the Spring when roads are getting good, the crops in the ground, and the Democratic statesmen in this county are all in fighting humor. There are at least a score of candidates for every office to be filled at the next county election. All things are ominous, and a most sanguinary struggle is budding.

——It is right and proper to love your neighbor as yourself, but if you own a nice garden and no chickens, and your neighbor has lots of chickens and no garden, and you come home at noon and find the early peas and other stuff all scratched up, what do you do? Do you feel like loving your neighbor as yourself? If you do, we imagine that you have a mighty poor opinion of yourself; but people generally in such cases make a slight distinction in favor of themselves.

Hon. John B. Linn.—We are pleased to see a number of old, reliable Republican papers in different sections of the State, making mention of the name of Hon. John B. Linn, of this place, present Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, in connection with the Republican candidacy for the office of State Treasurer. If the Republicans of the commonwealth propose to nominate men for State offices because of their fitness, and we will not guarantee success next Fall it they don't, it is beyond doubt that John B. Linn is as strong a man as has been, or can be, named for Treasurer of the State. In making this statement, we are but repeating the expressions of the best men of both parties who know the man. This is his home. He has been well and favorably known in this portion of the State for many years. From the time he embarked in professional life, up to the present time, through years of varied and extensive legal practice in this and neighboring counties, in the wide circle of professional and political friends with whom he has had to do, he has justly earned a wide reputation for ability and uprightness. The Republican party need look for no stronger or better man. We have none in the State.

——One day last week, Carson's boy and Furguson's boy made arrangements to go fishing. They were to go early in the morning. Furguson's boy was afraid he might not wake up early enough, and he had a clothes line fastened to a post near the house, with the other end reaching in through the bedroom window and which he had fastened to his ankle on going to bed and Carson's boy was to pull this rope, in case he came around in the morning before he was up. But it happened that the elder Furguson got up earlier that next morning than usual, and as he was hurrying around toward the shed for some kindling, he ran against this rope. It took him right across the nose and peeled the skin off of that member the entire length. This enraged Mr. Furguson and he gave that rope two or three tremendous jerks; the boy above gave two or three tremendous yells. But old man Furguson could not think what that rope was doing there and gave a few more everlasting jerks and out through the window came a leg, breaking sash, glass and everything to flinders. Then the rope was slackened and the boy relieved and explanations followed, but young Furguson did not go fishing that day and will not likely fix himself in that way again to be wakened up.

——An exchange asks, where do the flies go to in Winter? just as if anybody knew or cared to know. Perhaps they migrate, or like the sedata wood chuck, they may crawl into crevices in the wall. We have never observed but one habit of the fly, and that is his propensity in the Summer time to get into things and stick fast and his inability to get out again. He is a peculiar specimen, he comes and he goes and though we may not see him, we know he has been here. There's the proof on the windows, on the pictures, on the crackers set before us at boarding house tables; we hear him singing in the sugar bowl, see him dancing in the jelly—every where we can see where he has been often, or many of him, but where he goes to is the question which we refer to the naturalist.

Spelling Bee.—Bellefonte has been struck by the "waval tide" and is on the verge of a spelling bee. The time has been fixed for Friday evening and place is Reynolds' Hall. As usual the ladies are leading off; they say that Bellefonte ladies are on as intimate terms with Noah Webster as the ladies of Philadelphia, Pittsburg or any other; town and they further intimate that they are not afraid to meet an equal number of gentlemen in a combat of words. The details of the contest have all been arranged and we have no doubt that, for once, Reynolds' Hall will be too small to hold the spectators. We have always thought that these spelling matches are apt to lead to hard words, but they generally manufacture more fun on shorter notice and less capital than any other institution in existance.

Methodism in Pleasant Gap.—The Rev. Harry Galbraith, appointed to the pastorate of the Pleasant Gap M. E. church, met with a hearty reception on his arrival there last Thursday. The members of the congreagation had assembled at the house before his coming and had provided many articles for the present and future comfort of the pastor and his family. The principal feature of the day was a grand congregational dinner at which were seated over one hundred persons, eighty of whom were adults and the balance babies. Our genial friend Gibson Laurimore, Esq., was on hands, of course, and assisted the brethren in giving a hearty, christian welcome to the new preacher.

——Mr. J. H. Lingle, surprised his friends last Wednesday by getting off the train with his trunk, and announcing that he intended to make his home in Bellefonte in the future. He has connected himself with Messrs. Wm. P. Duncan & Co., founders and machinests, with whom he was formerly engaged. Glad to welcome him back.

——Robert Howard of Huntingdon, and a horse he was riding were drowned one day last week at the above place.

——Mrs. Nannie K. Dare has moved her store and residence to the brick building opposite the Post Office.

——Business men in Bellefonte are not complaining of dull times so much as formerly. Every branch of trade seems to be reviving.

——Rev. Thomas Guard of Baltimore, in the Court House, Tuesday evening, April 27. Tickets purchased for the lecture before the date was changed are now good.

——We have seen it stated that Messrs. Geo. W. Winner, and A. H. Hurblert, made 220 double-bitted axes in four and one half hours at R. Mann's axe factory at Mill Hall.

——Many frozen gas pipes that have been cutting off the supply of light in different parts of the town, have been dug up and repaired. The quality of gas furnished by the B. G. Co., is unequaled.

——A German peddler came to town on Saturday leading a horse behind his wagon. In answer to where he got the nag, he said he bought him "dree miles behin'dt Milesburg, midtling soon to Walker's place."

——Did you ever observe what a strong resemblance to human nature there is in the hog nature. Yesterday morning we noticed a large man near the depot with a number of active boys making a desperate effort to drive a small pig through a wide gate, and do you think the pig would drive? not any; he acted just as mean as a man.

——In last weeks *Watchman*, we noticed in one of the columns, a blank space of about two sticks, devoted to nothing. We have heard a great many comments upon it, and the general impression is, that it is the best article that has appeared in that paper for the last six months, and we would advise its editors to keep on publishing less nonsense and more blank he reafter.

——Col. W. W. Brown has graciously postponed his lecture, which was to have taken place on the evening of April 27, in order that Rev. Thomas Guard of Baltimore, could deliver his long promised lecture upon that night, it being the only one upon which it was possible for him to be here. When the Colonel does fix a time, we hope he may have the fullest kind of a house.

——According to a report submitted to the M. E. Conference at Huntingdon there are in this Conference district 404 churches, 31,799 members and 97 parsonages. The churches are valued at $1,520,515, and the parsonages $233,950. There are 459 Sunday Schools attended by 39,068 scholars, while the officers and teachers foot up a total, 6,339. A good showing for Methodism in Central Pennsylvania.

——Mr. Benj. Schrock, has our heart-felt sympathy. He informs us that three babies were brutally murdered by their mother recently. We might mention that the babies belong to his family of pigs. One very promising pig still remains. There is one remarkable feature about this pig which no doubt struck a sympathetic chord in its mother's breast. Its little tail is twisted so tight that its little hind feet stick right up in the air.

——A large flock of pigeons flew North Monday morning; the frogs were singing noisily last night; straw hats have made their appearance; and a Lamb street man ran around town trying to borrow an ice cream freezer, and if these are not signs of Spring, then what in the world is? But yesterday it snowed all day, spreading about eight inches of the beautiful over this section of country, and if that is not a sign of Winter then what in the world is?

——The Curtin Iron works are at present overcrowded with orders, and being run to their full capacity. During the dull times, when there was no sale at all for iron, and when scores of other iron works in the state were stopped, the Curtins did not cease operation for a single day. Iron was low and it scarcely paid for manufacturing, except by such firms as the Curtins, whose iron always demands the highest prices; yet this company, which has always been noted for the humane treatment which their employees receive, kept their works running all the time, giving employment to men whose families were depending upon them for their living.

——Beecher is still on the stand; he says it's no such a thing. Tilton and several others say it is so. The country generally don't know how it is. Somebody has lied and sworn to it, and it's awfully mixed up, this Beecher scandal. No matter how it may terminate, there's just this about it, that the best cheapest and most complete grocery store in the county is that of H. Scheler & Co's in the Bush House building. An endless variety of garden seeds on hands, fresh, and the very best that grows; pure, fresh groceries received daily. Every thing kept in a first class grocery store can be found here, cheaper than can be had elsewhere. You will find it to your advantange to call at Sechler & Co's for anything you may need.

Personal.—Sam Remson, he who sold oysters and—well no matter, in the basement of the Conrad House has closed up his saloon and quit buisness. We can't see how in the world the present license law could have any effect on the sale of oysters.

—Mr. Hugh Larimer, is about to embark in the dry goods business at Centre Hill, this county.

—Col. A. C. Noyes, will be strongly urged for Democratic nomination for Governor, if we may judge from the tone of the papers in this region.

—Albert Kauth has succeeded H. D. Yerger in the baking business on Bishop Street.

—The Right Reverend Bishop Howe administered the rite of confirmation at the Episcopal church in this place on last Friday evening.

—That faithful horse of Dr. Potter's is dead at last. He probably did more traveling than any other horse in the county. But, now, alas, he has gone to that barn from whence no traveler e'er returns.

—A. O. Furst, Esq., is the owner of the handsomest turn out in town. The carriage is of the celebrated Concord make and is a model of elegance and finish, and the horse is a splendid, dark-bay thorough-bred who looks as if he were expressly intended for the thills of such an elegant vehicle.

—Dr. Wm. H. Eagle, Grand Captain General of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania, visited Bellefonte on Friday last and installed the officers of Constans Commandery, Knights Templar. Dr. Eagle is not a stranger in Bellefonte, but has many warm friends who endeavored to make his visit a pleasant one. It will be remembered that some time ago Governor Hartranft appointed Dr. Eagle and Hon. John B. Linn to edit the second series of the "Archieves of Pennsylvania," the first volume of which has already been published.

—General S. Miles Green, of the Barre Forges, has been spending the last week among his friends in Bellefonte.

—Evan M. Blanchard, Esq., has been dangerously ill for some time past with inflammatory rheumatism, but is convelescing.

The Model Usher.—The model usher is a rare individual. He is as scare as hard money, but we really did have the pleasure of seeing the Simon pure article in an uptown church on Sunday evening. He was tall enough to be always conspicuous among those upon whom he lavished his blandishments while seating them under the droppings. His Chesterfield coat was buttoned to the neck; his warm colored hair was arranged with as much care as an old maid's, in fact his appearance was quite *distingue*. He would meet the comers at the door, bow like a clothes-line prop, and with "shall I show you a seat?" march ahead, like a drum-major, to a vacant pew, bow with a wave of the hand, see that they were comfortably located, and then peg back for another installment. We really pitied the audience, because they didn't have a chance to laugh as loudly and heartily as everybody wanted to; it was excruciating; handkerchiefs, hats, every thing, was brought into use to choke down the spontaneous mirth that was rising in every throat; old people grinned who never looked more animated than a hitching-post in church before, when the model usher met with an accident. He met four modest young ladies at the door and, with the most perfect "otium cum dignitate," was proceeding to pilot them to a seat. Beckoning them to follow, he started ahead, walking the whole length of a long aisle to the pew next the pulpit; the minister had just ascended to the pulpit and was in the midst of his ante-service devotions when the model usher turned and, with a bow and wave of the hand, was designating the seat to which the bashful young ladies were to be assigned—when, to his almost utter supifaction, he found that not one of them was in sight. They were too modest to go so far front, and had located near the door some place out of sight in the crowd. The expression on the model usher's face was as blank as a knot on a log. He looked as if he had suddenly been struck with a pain in the stomach, and he retreated to the vestibule looking as if nothing would save his life but fresh air. If the audience could only have been some place where they could have given vent to their emotions, a shout of laughter would have shaken the building as though an earth quake had struck it. It was in them and almost bursting them, but they had to choke it down.

——Soon the patent right men will begin perambulating, seeking whom he may swindle out of a few hundred dollars by merely signing his name to a little contract which turns out to be a negotiable note, one of the kind that sweeps the victuals right off the spoon. We caution farmers to be on their guard and sign no paper of any kind for strangers.

——There's a rush of bonnet to the head of the ladies just now; and there's where the woodbine, poppy and lots of other posies are twining.

——Gov. Curtin who has been ill in New York for the last couple of weeks, we are pleased to hear is convalescing and is expected home in a few days.

——A carpenter in this place informs us that he has counted twenty seven new buildings which are to be built in Bellefonte this summer and he thinks there will be considerably over thirty.

——Mrs. Cole, wife of Mr. John Cole, of Coleville, died at that place last week and was buried on Sunday last. She was a most exemplary woman. Her age at the time of her death was about forty-five years.

—— In a few days Isaac Dawson will start a bakery in McCafferty's new building opposite the depot. John Dawson, one of the best hands at the business in the county, will have charge of the baking department.

——We miss the Brockerhoff House bus very much. It appeared on the street five or six times a day for the past eight or ten years and we began to look upon it as a permanent institution of the town. Landlord Perks, has however supplanted the old concern with a handsome barouche which will meet every train and convey guests free of charge to and from the Brockerhoff.

——Nathaniel Beck, ex-tobacconist, ex-assistant burgess, that jolly, jovial, good-natured, fat friend and former townsman, has gone and taken unto himself a wife, nee Miss Durham. The wedding took place on the 8th day of the present month at Tiffin, Ohio. There's no joke or suicide about it this time; we've seen several invitations to friends to be present.

Beck was too kind hearted, whole-souled a man to die a bachelor, and now since he has taken upon himself the noble duty of making one of Eve's fair daughters happy, for the balance of her life, let us hope that his efforts may be crowned with abundant success.

——The Norwood Coal & Lumber Co's suit against J. Elliott & Co. was up for trial at a special term of Court last week, and nearly the whole week was taken up in trying it. The property in dispute is situated in Rush township, this county, consisting of 360 acres of valuable coal and timber lands. The verdict was for the defendants. Attorneys for plaintiffs, Blair, Alexander and Bower, assisted by S. R. Peale, Esq., of Lock Haven; for defence, General Beaver and Mr. Stevens of Tyrone. There is some talk of carrying the case to the Supreme Court; it's rather too big a prize to lose without a desperate struggle.

The People Want Proof.—There is no medicine prescribed by Physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as Boschee's German Syrup for Severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs, a proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it Sold by F. P. Green.

6-43-1y-eow.

——E. C. Humes' addition to his new block on Allegheny street is rapidly approaching completion. This is the finest structure in town. A portion of the second story is being fitted up for a public hall; three of the rooms are being put in shape for the occupancy of the Library Association; besides, there are a number of delightful rooms, finely adapted for offices or residences. On the ground floor are four commodious, elegant store rooms. There seems to be quite enough store rooms in town at present, but these are so attractive and so centrally located that they will be in demand as soon as completed. The back of the panic is now pretty well broken and when the new glass works are built, and the car-works employing from three hundred to five hundred men and all the other branches of industry now being talked of, are put in operation, rooms and business places will become scarcer than they are at present.

Close of the Milesburg High School.—The close of the Milesburg high school after two days thorough examination was witnessed by a full house composed of the citizens of the town. It was highly appreciated and pronounced a grand success by all. The examination of the class in mathematics drew especial attention—their skill would have done honor to a corps of teachers—showing that they had from the beginning of the term adopted the motto "thoroughness first and then progress." The selections for declamation were of such a character that the parents were well pleased and thankful for having had instilled into the minds of their children a christian principle, patriotism, and diligence that will secure success and a happy life in the future. Addresses were made by Rev. W. O. Wright, Rev. Biggart, R. L. Shirk, Esq., and Mr. Baird. After which remarks of advise and encouragement were made by Prof. W. C. Heinle in his usual and scholarly manner.

Mr. Heinle is a close student in his profession and has proved himself a thorough teacher and able scholar and a man of christian principle. Citizen.

A Spelling Bee on Friday Evening.—At last the mania has reached Bellefonte. A spelling contest has been arranged for Friday evening in Reynold's Hall. Everybody appears to take as much interest in it as if the future prosperity of the town depended on the success of the affair. The ladies of the M. E. church have charge of the detail arrangements, and, as will be seen by the card below, the proceeds are to be appropriated to the fund for building the proposed new Methodist church.

Attached to the card, are the names of a sufficient number of lawyers, doctors, merchants, ladies, students, and (shall we say it?) editors, to guarantee a most interesting and miscellaneous orthographical set-to. We have no doubt that every available spot in the hall will occupied, and we anticipate about as much fun as any of our more pretentious neighboring towns have been having. Here is the card:

We, the undersigned, believing that the science of orthography, or the correct spelling of words, has, in these latter days, suffered from, and that there are many intelligent persons—even scholars—lamentably inaccurate in the spelling of words which are used in ordinary every day intercourse, therefore, the better to restore this neglected art or science, have agreed to enroll ourselves as members of a class, now in process of formation, called a "Spelling Bee." And we do further agree to pay to the captain each one of us, the sum of fifty cents, provided that all the contributions, or the sum of them, be appropriated to the building of the contemplated new M. E church of this place, and for no other purpose. And we further agree, each and everyone of us, to be present, in our proper persons, and in our proper places at Reynold's Hall on Friday, 16th inst. at 7.30 P. M., to spell, to the best of our ability, any word put to us by the captain—And we further stipulate that when we default in the true bearings of a word thus put to us, quietly to take a back seat, making no disturbance, and "middleing" no one.

N. B. No words put that are spelled differently by Worcester and Webster. There will be three prizes awarded at the close of the exercise. The conditions on which they will be assigned, will be made known before the commencement of this most useful and instructive entertainment.

Enterprize.—We notice by the sign on the entrance to the "Democratic Watchman" that they are prepared to do all kinds of 'Dress Making." We have never heard of a printing office branching out in that way before, but we have no doubt the enterprising editors will be able to carry on both branches successfully.

——Now get your potato patch ready and plant your potatoes early—there's millions in it, bugs we mean, not dead but sleeping.

Knoll's School, Curtin Township.—I wrote you a sketch of the history of this school a year or so ago, a very important part of which you did not print. I said there were as good teachers as Pennsylvania, or New York afforded, ran off the track, and an incompetent boy employed. You seemed to think that was too much and said nothing of the New York teacher, who was one of thirty terms experience, holding a permanent certificate, and only consented to come here to teach by an outside offer of $40 per month. There was no effort by any one to secure a good teacher that I know of the last term, and according to the rule here, four years out of five, our school teacher has not been a fit companion for children. This "system" has had a bad effect on our children, and unless it is changed, I see no hope for us. It is easier to find fault than remedy the evil. I have thought over the subject and honestly come to the conclusion that the one normal school, and the plan adopted for the examination of teachers has had a bad effect upon our school. The rule has been to examine those selected for the school, and not examine any that have not a school engaged. This excludes strangers. The directors generally look to the superintendent to recommend. They then engage; he examines, and they employ. This has been the rule as I understand it. I hope this normal school matter will be considered, talked about and remodeled. The questions may be, should we have but one? By whom should these schools be established? Should there not be a normal class in every school where there are advanced pupils who intend to teach? Should the superintendent not hold the same relation to these, that he does to other schools?

On the opposite I have sketched a few modest ideas, very modest, I think, considering that I have to pay a heavy tax, and teach my children at home as best I can, or have them in the grossest ignorance, not able to read properly, and worse, exposed to the evils of the land without a protector. I know nearly all the tricks of the superintendent and his supporters, the directors.

Miss Lucy Barnhart, and a few others did well here as teachers, but as a rule they have not equaled the teachers of nearly forty years ago, when John L. Baker, J. H. Orvis, and others taught in the same old house.

* A. S. Tipton.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure a Cough in one-half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine, and it does it, not by drying it up, but by removing the cause—subduing the irritation and healing the affected parts. For all cases of Laryngitis, Hoarseness, Suppression or Loss of Voice, Bronchitis, Severe Chronic or Lingering Coughs, it will be found to surpass any medicine that has ever before been offered to the public. It is sold by all dealers in medicines.

MARRIED

At Philipsburg, April 1, by the Rev. Wm. Marshall, Mr. Thomas Morgan and Miss Sarah Ann Hill, both of Houtzdale.

On the 8th inst., by Rev. J. M. Price, John Page and Miss Lizzie Moyer, both of Millheim

On the 14th of March, Mr. A. M. Greninger to Miss Sarah Wolf, both of Sugar Valley, Clinton Co., Pa.

On Sunday afternoon, April 4, at four o'clock, according to the Rites of the Jewish Church, by Rev. Friedenthal, of Williamsport, at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Herman Holz to Miss Amalia Joseph, of Bellefonte.

March 24, 1874, at the Presbyterian Parsonage, by Rev. W. T. Wylie, Mr. George Groff and Miss Kate A. Laird.

March 13, 1875, at the Presbyterian Parsonage, by Rev. W. T. Wylie, Mr. Foster Ebhart and Miss Martha M. Johnson.

DIED.

On March 2, at Penn Hall, Miss Elizabeth Weaver, aged 61 years, 4 months and 14 days.